GlobWetland Project

Review of wetland inventory approaches; considerations for GlobWetland and future wetland monitoring work

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Rationale for monitoring and inventory

- Contracting Parties to the Ramsar Convention on Wetlands decided that national wetland policies should be based on a nationwide inventory of wetlands and of their resources:
- Recommendation 1.5 (COP1, Cagliari, 1980),
- Annex to Recommendation 2.3 (COP2, Groningen, 1984),
- Recommendation 4.6 (COP4, Montreux, 1990),
- Resolution 5.3 (COP5, Kushiro, 1993), and
- Resolution VI.12 (COP6, Brisbane, 1996).

Definitions: Ramsar (and CBD)

- Wetland inventory: The collection and/or collation of core information for wetland management, including creation of an information base.
- Wetland assessment: The identification of the status of, and threats to, wetlands as a basis for the collection of more specific information through monitoring activities.
- Wetland monitoring: Collection of specific information for management purposes in response to hypotheses derived from assessment activities, and the use of these monitoring results for implementing management.

Development of methods

- The Convention's Scientific and Technical Review Panel (STRP) prepared A Framework for Wetland Inventory for COP8, which was adopted as the Annex to Resolution VIII.6
- Handbook 10: Inventaire des zones humides

 Cadre Ramsar pour l'inventaire des zones
 humides collects together all the adopted
 guidance, which informs the GlobWetland
 project.

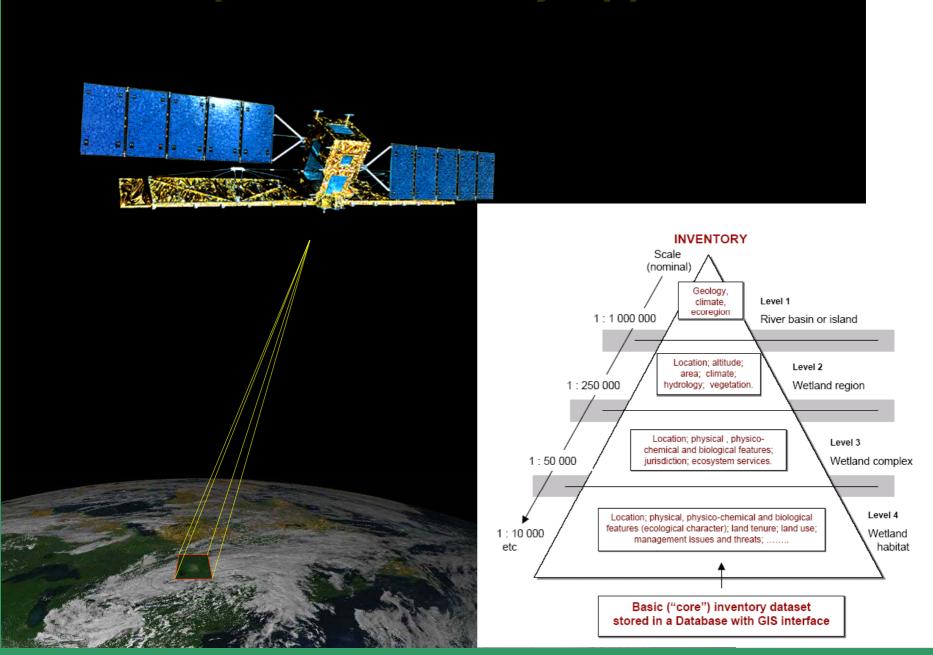
Advances in techniques

- Earth observation since ca.1990 useful for wetland delineation, but many wetland types remain difficult to separate (e.g. peatlands/ wet grasslands, or wetland surfaces below tree canopy).
- Desktop GIS available 1995 onwards
- Web-GIS 2001 onwards

Limitations of existing global data

- Ramsar Information Sheets developed to record baseline data, application of criteria and wetland types present, but;
- No spatial delineation information is held about the wetland within a Site boundary – no spatial change analysis is possible within Ramsar Sites Database
- GIS-based national data on Sites often inaccessible

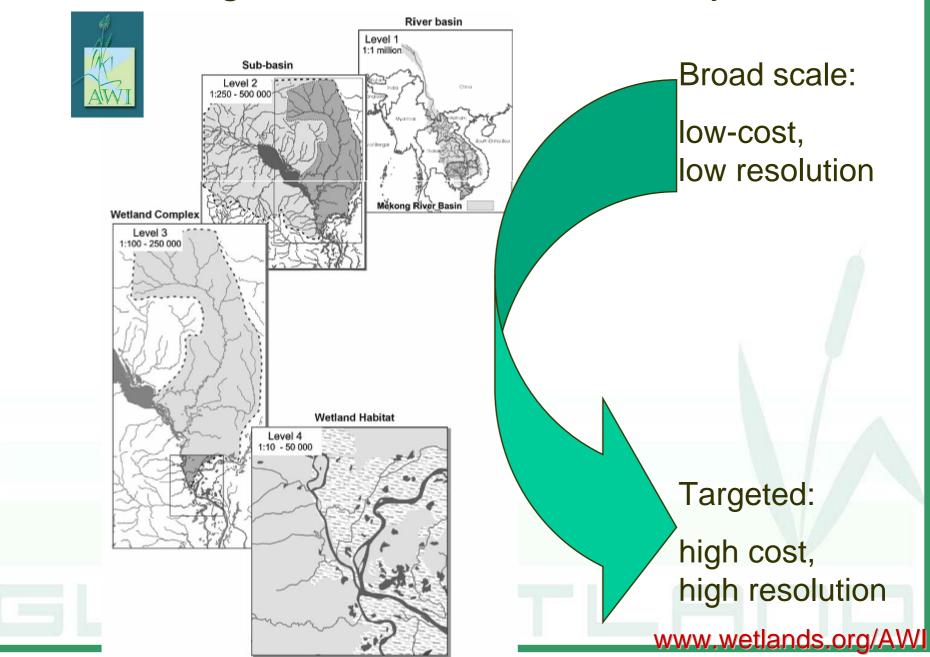
Improved Inventory Approaches



Development of multi-scalar inventory

- Accurate spatial estimate of wetlands
- Methods work at any scale from Site to National level (e.g. Levels 1 to 4)
- Enable area and location of wetland types to be mapped
- Enables change detection (ecological change)
- Suitable for Earth Observation

e.g. Asian Wetland Inventory



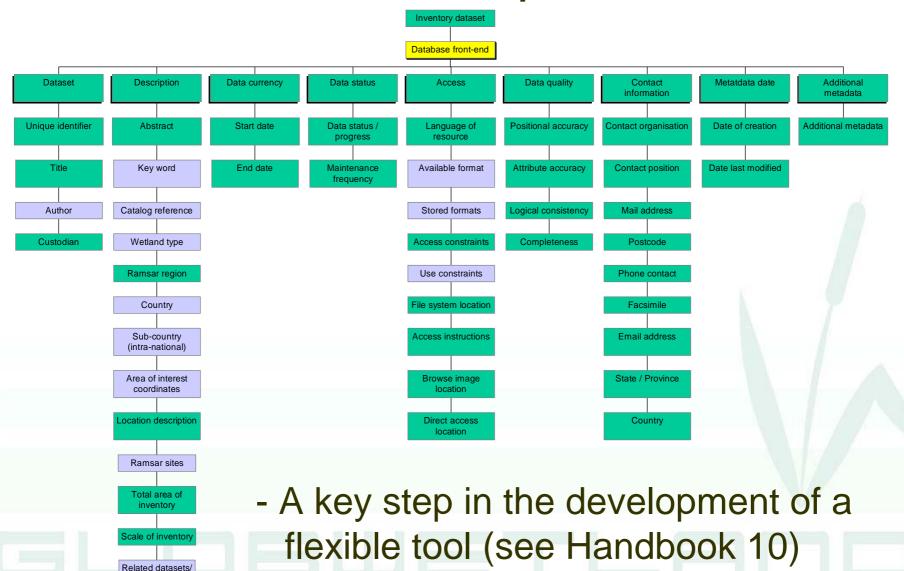
Issues under consideration

- How to delineate (recognise) wetlands consistently?
- What classification system to use for all GW Sites, and the level of trade-off with User requirements?
- Guidance on "recognition unit" and scale of mapping
- Consistency on (wetland) ground data collection

The need for global standards

 Contracting Parties have adopted a global standard for indexing and sharing inventory data: a metadata base adopted as the base for the GlobWetland Information System

Metadatabase adopted at COP8



projects

The need for a Global standard

- For EO based wetland classification, no common standard has been agreed.
- Most wetland classifications rely on ground-based assignments.
- Main systems reviewed in Handbook 10, but there remains a need to link Ramsar wetland types to EO hierarchical (scalar) approach

The "CRamsar" scheme

Aim and need to:

- Develop a multilevel classification that enables EO use at any resolution
- Avoid possible top level misclassification of wetland features
- Integrate Ramsar classes (insertion at L3 according to Ramsar groupings – inland, marine, or man-made)
- Be consistent with L1 CORINE (and below if possible)

CRamsar

CRAMSAR	Corine	LEVELI	CRAMSAR	Corine	LEVEL II	CRAMSAR	Corine	LEVEL III	8 bit code	R-G-B code
			1100	1 1	Urban Fabric	1110	111	Continuous Urban Fabric	1	230-000-077
						1 1 2 0	1 1 2	Discontinuous Urban Fabric	2	255-000-000
						1 2 1 0	1 2 1	Industrial or commercial units	3	204-077-242
			1200	1 2	Industrial, commercial and	1 2 2 0	1 2 2	Road and rail networks and associated land	4	2 0 4 - 0 0 0 - 0 0 0
					transport units	1 2 3 0	1 2 3	Port areas	5	2 3 0 - 2 0 4 - 2 0 4
1000	1	A rtificia I S u rfa c e s				1 2 4 0	1 2 4	A irp orts	6	230-204-230
			1300		M ine, dump and	1310	1 3 1	Mineral extraction sites [7]	7	166-000-204
				1 3	construction sites	1 3 2 0	1 3 2	Dump sites	8	166-077-000
					01100	1 3 3 0	1 3 3	Construction sites	9	255-077-25
			1 4 0 0	1 4	A rtificial non -	1410	1 4 1	Green urban areas	1 0	255-166-25
					vegetated areas	1 4 2 0	1 4 2	Sport and leisure facilities	1 1	255-230-25
					Arable Land	2 1 1 0	2 1 1	Non-irrigated arable land	1 2	255-255-12
			2 1 0 0	2 1	X14510 24110	2 1 2 0	2 1 2 / 2 1 3	Irrigated land inc. Rice fields [3]	1 3	2 3 0 - 2 3 0 - 0 0
						2 2 1 0	2 2 1	V in e y a rd s	1 4	2 3 0 - 1 2 8 - 0 0
			2200		Permanent crops	2 2 2 0	2 2 2	Fruit trees and berry plantations	1 5	2 4 2 - 1 6 6 - 0 7
				2 2		2 2 3 0	2 2 3	O live groves	1 6	2 3 0 - 1 6 6 - 0 0
2000	2	A g ric ultural A re a s	2300		Pastures	2 3 1 0	2 3 1	Pastures [4]	17	2 3 0 - 2 3 0 - 0 7
			2300	2 3	1 4 5 1 4 1 5 5	2 3 2 0		Dry pastures???	1 8	???
					Heterogeneous agricultural areas	2 4 1 0	2 4 1	Annual crops associated with permanent crops	1 9	255-230-16
			2 4 0 0	2 4		2 4 2 0	2 4 2	Complex cultivation patterns	2 0	255-230-07
			2400			2 4 3 0	2 4 3	Land principally occupied by agriculture	2 1	230-204-07
						2 4 4 0	2 4 4	Agro-forestry areas	2 2	2 4 2 - 2 0 4 - 1 6
			3100	3 1	Forests	3 1 1 0	3 1 1	Broad-leaved forest	2 3	1 2 8 - 2 5 5 - 0 0
						3 1 2 0	3 1 2	C oniferous forest	2 4	000-166-00
3000						3 1 3 0	3 1 3	M ixed forest	2 5	077-255-00
						3 1 4 0		Forested peatlands (Xp)	2 6	051-204-05
	3	Forested areas (natural and				3 1 5 0		Intertidal Forested (swamps) [I]	2 7	051-153-10
	,	sem i-natural)	3 2 0 0			3 1 6 0		Freshwater, tree dominated wetlands (Xf)	2 8	0 0 0 - 1 2 8 - 1 2
					Shrubs	3 2 1 0	3 2 3	S cle rophyllous V egetation	2 9	166-230-07
				3 2		3 2 2 0	3 2 4	Transitional	3 0	166-242-00
						3 2 3 0	3 2 2	Moors and Heathlands	3 1	166-255-12
						3 2 4 0		Shrub dominated wetlands [W]	3 2	204-255-05
						4110	3 2 1	N atural grasslands	3 3	204-242-07
		Un-forested areas (natural	4100			4120	4 1 1	Marshes [Sp,Ss,Tp,Ts]	3 4	166-255-16
					Herbaceous vegetation associations	4130	4 2 1	Salt Marshes [H]	3 5	2 0 4 - 2 0 4 - 2 5
						4140		Alpine Grassland [Va]	3 6	255-255-15
						4150	4 1 2	Peatbogs [U]	3 7	077-077-25
4000	n/a					4 1 6 0		Geothermal [Zg]	3 8	255-204-00
		and semi- natural)				4 2 1 0	3 3 4	Burnt Areas	3 9	0 0 0 - 0 0 0 - 0 0
						4 2 2 0	3 3 5	Glaciers and Perpetual Snow	4 0	166-230-20
			4200	3 3	O pen spaces	4 2 3 0	3 3 1	Beaches, Dunes, Sands [E]	4 1	230-230-23
						4 2 4 0	3 3 2	Bare Rock [D]	4 2	2 0 4 - 2 0 4 - 2 0
						4 2 5 0	3 3 3	Sparse Vegetation [Vt]	4 3	204-255-20
						4 2 6 0	4 2 3	Intertidal mud, sand or salt flats [G]	4 4	1 0 2 - 0 0 0 - 0 5
						5 1 1 0	5 2 3	Sea and Ocean	4 5	2 3 0 - 2 4 2 - 2 5
						5 1 2 0	5 2 2	Estuaries [F]	4 6	166-255-23
						5 1 3 0	5 2 1	C o a stal la go o n s [J,K]	4 7	0 0 0 - 2 5 5 - 1 6
				5 2		5 1 4 0		Coral Reefs [C]	4 8	0 0 0 - 2 5 5 - 2 0
5000	5	W ater Bodies	5 1 0 0		Marine waters	5 1 5 0		Subtidal Aquatic Beds [B]	4 9	0 0 0 - 2 0 4 - 1 5
						5 1 6 0		Permanent Shallow Waters [A]	5 0	000-153-15
						5 1 7 0	4 2 2	Salines [5]	5 1	0 0 0 - 2 3 6 - 2 5
				- 3		5 2 1 0	5 1 1	W ater Courses [M,N,9]	5 2	0 0 0 - 2 0 4 - 2 4
				2007	Inland waters	5 2 2 0		Deltas [L]	5 3	051-102-15
			5 2 0 0	5 1		5 2 3 0	5 1 2	W ater Bodies [O ,P ,Q ,R ,Y ,1 ,2 ,6 ,8]	5 4	1 2 8 - 2 4 2 - 2 3

Artificial surfaces

CRAMSAR	Corine	LEVEL I	CRAMSAR	Corine	LEVEL II	CRAMSAR	Corine	LEVEL III	8 bit code	R-G-B code
			1100	11	Urban Fabric	1110	111	Continuous Urban Fabric	1	230-000-077
						1120	112	Discontinuous Urban Fabric	2	255-000-000
						1210	121	Industrial or commercial units	3	204-077-242
			1200	12	Industrial, commercial and	1220	122	Road and rail networks and associated land	4	204-000-000
				123	Port areas	5	230-204-204			
1000	1	Artificial Surfaces				1240	124	Airports	6	230-204-230
			1300		Mine, dump and	1310	131	Mineral extraction sites [7]	7	166-000-204
			1300	13	construction	1320	132	Dump sites	307	166-077-000
					Sites	1330	133	Construction sites	9	255-077-255
			1400	14	Artificial non- agricultural	1410	141	Green urban areas	10	255-166-255
					vegetated areas	1420	142	Sport and leisure facilities	11	255-230-255

Agricultural areas

			2100		Arable Land	2110	211	Non-irrigated arable land	12	255-255-128
			2100	21	Alabie Earla	2120	212/213	Irrigated land inc. Rice fields [3]	13	230-230-000
						2210	221	Vineyards	14	230-128-000
			2200		Permanent crops	2220	222	Fruit trees and berry plantations	s and berry plantations 15 242	242-166-077
	2	Agricultural Areas		22		2230	223	Olive groves	16	230-166-000
2000			2300		Pastures	2310	231	Pastures [4]	17	230-230-077
				23	rastures	2320		Dry pastures???	18	???
			2400 24 Heterogeneous agricultural agrees 2420 242 Complex cultivation par			2410	241	Annual crops associated with permanent crops	19	255-230-166
				Complex cultivation patterns	20	255-230-077				
				24	•	2430	243	Land principally occupied by agriculture	21	230-204-077
						2440	244	Agro-forestry areas	22	242-204-166

Forested areas

						3110	311	Broad-leaved forest	23	128-255-000
						3120	312	Coniferous forest	24	000-166-000
			3100	31		3130	313	Mixed forest	25	077-255-000
			0100	31	Forests	3140		Forested peatlands (Xp)	26	051-204-051
3000	3	Forested areas (natural and semi-natural)				3150		Intertidal Forested (swamps) [I]	27	051-153-102
3000						3160		Freshwater, tree dominated wetlands (Xf)	28	000-128-128
							Sclerophyllous Vegetation	29	166-230-077	
			3200	32	Shrubs	3220	324	Transitional	30	166-242-000
			3200 3230 322		Moors and Heathlands	31	166-255-128			
						3240		Shrub dominated wetlands [W]	32	204-255-051

Unforested areas

						4110	321	Natural grasslands	33	204-242-077
						4120	411	Marshes [Sp,Ss,Tp,Ts]	34	166-255-166
			4100		Herbaceous vegetation	4130	421	Salt Marshes [H]	35	204-204-255
			4100		associations	4140		Alpine Grassland [Va]	36	255-255-153
		Un-forested				4150	412	Peatbogs [U]	37	077-077-255
4000	n/a	areas (natural				4160		Geothermal [Zg]	38	255-204-000
		and semi- natural)				4210	334	Burnt Areas	38 39 40	000-000-000
						4220	335	Glaciers and Perpetual Snow		166-230-204
			4200	33	Open spaces	4230	331	Beaches, Dunes, Sands [E]	41	230-230-230
						4240	332	Bare Rock [D]	42	204-204-204
						4250	333	Sparse Vegetation [Vt]	43	204-255-204
						4260	423	Intertidal mud, sand or salt flats [G]	44	102-000-051
										All the second

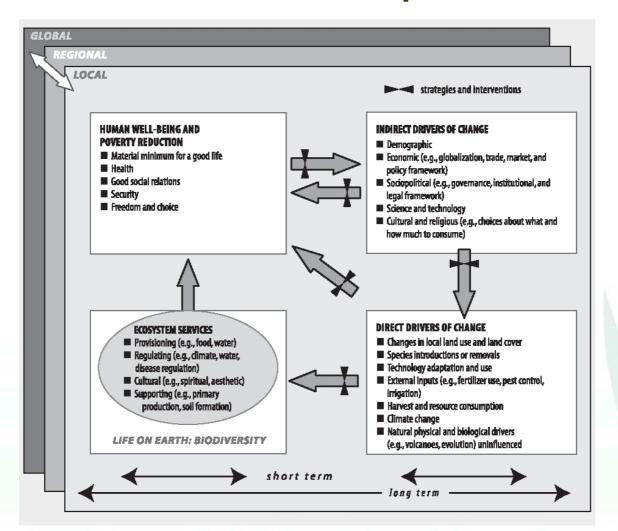
Water bodies

						5110	523	Sea and Ocean	45	230-242-255
						5120	522	Estuaries [F]	46	166-255-230
						5130	521	Coastal lagoons [J,K]	47	000-255-166
				52		5140		Coral Reefs [C]	48	000-255-204
	_	W . B "	5100		Marine waters	5150		Subtidal Aquatic Beds [B]	49	000-204-153
5000	5	Water Bodies				5160		Permanent Shallow Waters [A]	50	000-153-153
						5170	422	Salines [5]	51	000-236-255
						5210	511	Water Courses [M,N,9]	52	000-204-242
					Inland waters	5220		Deltas [L]	53	051-102-153
			5200	51		5230	512	Water Bodies [O,P,Q,R,Y,1,2,6,8]	54	128-242-230
	1			<u>.</u> .		3200				.25 2 12 200

Current / future status of CRamsar scheme

- Through the Prototype Products we are evaluating and refining the CRamsar classification
- May add further levels of detail (L4 on)

MA model for state-pressure etc.



(3) Total Economic Value and Valuation Methods (from MA, 2003) **Total Economic Value** (TEV) **Use Value** Non-use Value Direct use **Indirect Option** Existence **TEV** use value value value value (consumptive, (incl. bequest (mainly (ethical categories & nonvalue, quasiservices) aspect) option value) consumptive)

Commonly used valuation methods Change in productivity Cost-based approaches Hedonic pr. Travel cost CVM

Change in productivity Cost-based approaches Contingent valuation

Change in productivity Cost-based approaches Contingent valuation

Contingent valuation

Economic assessment?

- Key issues are landscape accounting gaps and need to relate CLC to valuation (fuzzy valuation?)
- Stakeholder based valuation