European Environment Agency European Topic Centre on Biological Diversity



### Rumex rupestris

Annex	II, IV
Priority	No
Species group	Vascular plants
Regions	Atlantic

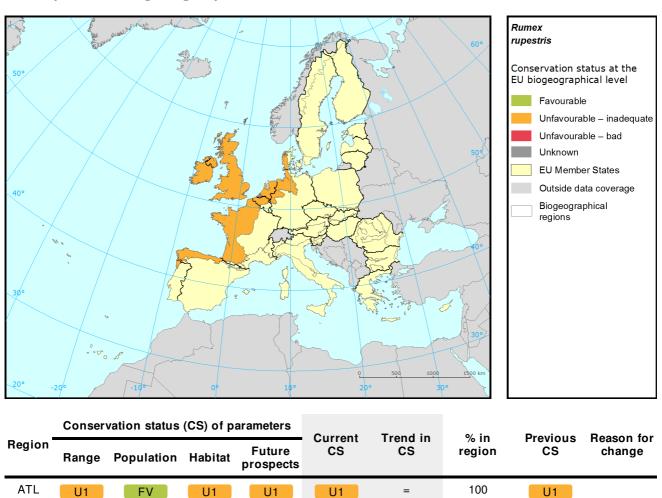
The plant *Rumex rupestris* is endemic to Europe (Atlantic region). It is found in Galicia (North Spain), in France in the Massif Armoricain, Manche to Vendee, and in Guironde. In the United Kingdom, it grows in Wales, along the coast of Cornwall and Devon and on the Isles of Scilly. This species grows on cliffs with water seepage, small rivers on sandy coasts and beaches and in rocky areas with freshwater falling into the sea, wet depressions in "grey" dunes. It is always associated with springs of freshwater. The IUCN Red List classifies the species as Vulnerable (VU).

The conservation status in Atlantic region is "Unfavourable Inadequate". The previous conservation status was considered "Unfavourable Inadequate" as well. Trends reportd by countries are mostly stable, United Kindgdom reported increasing trend for population.

The species is threatened by habitat deterioration due to infrastructure development, deviation of the river courses, silting-up, and oil contamination, coastal defence work to stop erosion, the abandonment of grazing in dune systems followd by ecrub encroachment, trampling and tourist activities. The hybridisation with *R. conglomeratus* and *R. cripus* represent important threat as well.

No changes in overall conservation status between 2001-06 and 2007-12 reports.

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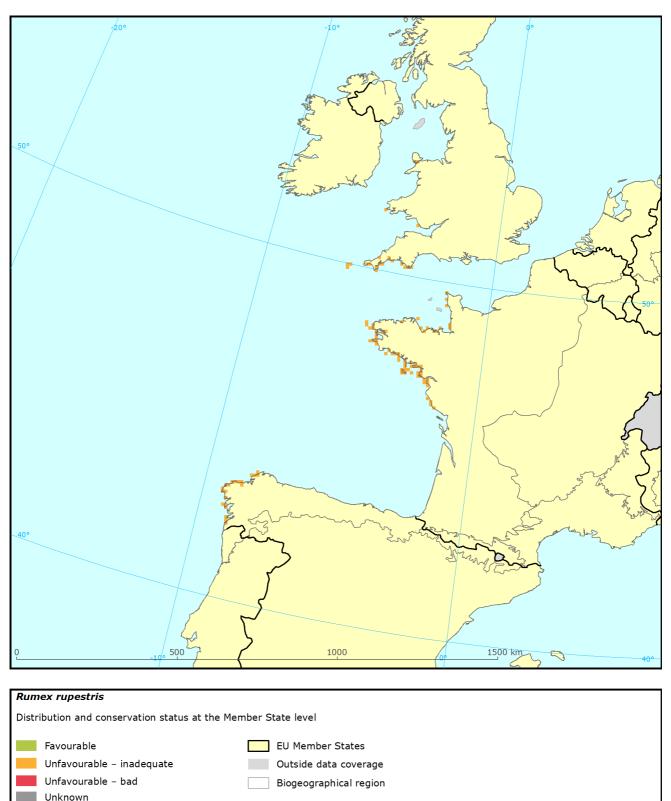


# Assessment of conservation status at the European biogeographical level

See the endnote for more information<sup>i</sup>

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### Assessment of conservation status at the Member State level



The map shows both Conservation Status and distribution using a 10 km x 10 km grid. Conservation status is assessed at biogeographical level. Therefore the representation in each grid cell is only illustrative.

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MS Region		Conservation status of parameters				Current	Trend in	% in	Previous	Reason for
		Range	Population	Habitat	Future prospects	CS	CS	region	CS	change
ES	ATL	U1	U1	U1	U1	U1	=	20.4	XX	Changed method
FR	ATL	FV	FV	U1	U1	U1	=	60.2	U1	
UK	ATL	FV	FV	U1	FV	U1	=	19.4	FV	Genuine

Knowing that not all changes in conservation status between the reporting periods were genuine, Member States were asked to give the reasons for changes in conservation status. Bulgaria and Romania only joined the EU in 2007 and Greece did not report for 2007-12 so no reason is given for change for these countries. Greek data shown above is from 2001-06.

### Main pressures and threats reported by Member States

Member States were asked to report the 20 most important threats and pressures using an agreed hierarchical list which can be found on the Article 17 Reference Portal. Pressures are activities which are currently having an impact on the species and threats are activities expected to have an impact in the near future. Pressures and threats were ranked in three classes 'high, medium and low importance'; the tables below only show threats and pressures classed as 'high', for some species there were less than ten threats or pressures reported as highly important.

#### Ten most frequently reported 'highly important' pressures

Code	Activity	Frequency
D01	Roads, railroads and paths	50
E01	Urbanisation and human habitation	50

#### Ten most frequently reported 'highly important' threats

Code	Activity	Frequency
D01	Roads, railroads and paths	25
E01	Urbanisation and human habitation	25
K01	Abiotic natural processes	25
K06	Other interspecific floral competition	25

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### Proportion of population covered by the Natura 2000 network

For species listed in the Annex II of the Directive Member States were asked to report the population size within the Natura 2000 network. The percentage of species population covered by the network was estimated by comparing the population size within the network and the total population size in the biogeographical/marine region.

#### Percentage of coverage by Natura 2000 sites in biogeographical/marine region

	ATL
ES	99
FR	57
UK	87

See the endnotes for more information<sup>ii</sup>

### Most frequently reported conservation measures

For species listed in the Annex II of the Directive Member States were asked to report up to 20 conservation measures being implemented for this species using an agreed list which can be found on the Article 17 Reference Portal. Member States were further requested to highlight up to five most important ('highly important') measures; the table below only shows measures classed as 'high', for many species there were less than ten measures reported as highly important.

#### Ten most frequently reported 'highly important' conservation measures

Code	Measure	Frequency
6.3	Legal protection of habitats and species	100

This information is derived from the Member State national reports submitted to the European Commission under Article 17 of the Habitats Directive in 2013 and covering the period 2007-2012. More detailed information, including the MS reports, is available at: http://bd.eionet.europa.eu/article17/reports2012/species/summary/? group=Vascular+plants&period=3&subject=Rumex+rupestris

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<sup>1</sup>Assessment of conservation status at the European biogeographical level: Current Conservation Status (Current CS) shows the status for the reporting period 2007-2012, Previous Conservation Status (Previous CS) for the reporting period 2000-2006. Reason for change in conservation status between the reporting periods indicates whether the changes in the status were genuine or not genuine. Previous Conservation Status was not assessed for Steppic, Black Sea and Marine Black Sea regions. For these regions the Previous status is therefore considered as 'unknown'. The percentage of the species population occurring within the biogeographical/marine region (% in region) is calculated based on the area of GIS distribution.

<sup>II</sup>Percentage of coverage by Natura 2000 sites in biogeographical/marine region: In some cases the population size within the Natura 2000 network has been estimated using a different methodology to the estimate of overall population size and this can lead to percentage covers greater than 100%. In such case the value has been given as 100% and highlighted with an asterisk (\*). The value 'x' indicates that the Member State has not reported the species population and/or the coverage by Natura 2000. No information is available for Greece. The values are only provided for regions, in which the occurrence of the species has been reported by the Member States.