



Lacerta trilineata

Annex	IV
Priority	No
Species group	Reptiles
Regions	Black Sea, Continental, Mediterranean, Steppic

Lacerta trilineata

According to the IUCN Red List, the Balkan Green Lizard is found across southeastern Europe from coastal Croatia, across the non-EU balkan countries, east to Bulgaria, southeastern Romania, Greece, as well as western and central Turkey. This species favours bushy areas, sand dunes, boundary walls, orchards, and abandoned cultivated land.

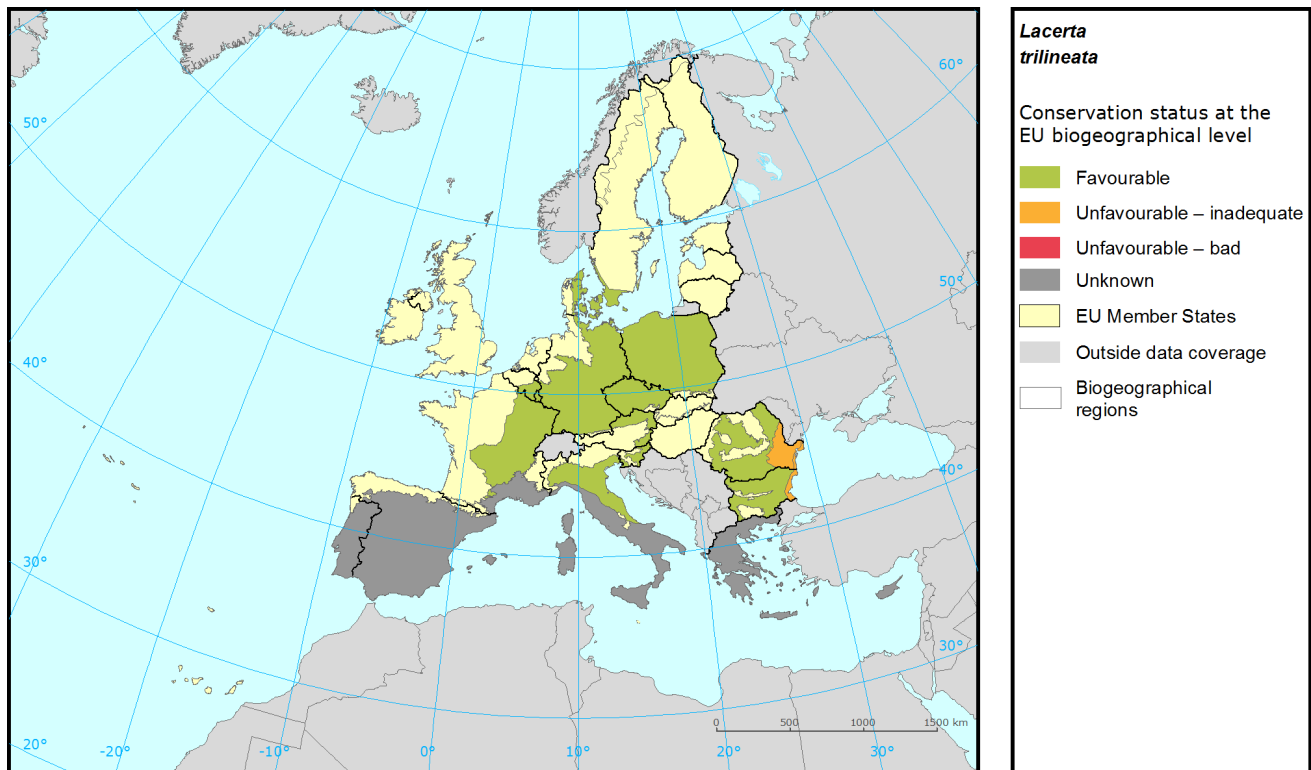
The species was reported by Bulgaria, Greece and Romania for four different biogeographical regions. Bulgaria assessed the conservation status of the species as 'favourable' for the Continental region and 'unfavourable-inadequate' for the Black Sea region. Its conservation status is assessed as 'unknown' by Greece in the Mediterranean region, which is unchanged from the previous reporting period due to Greece's failure to deliver reports for the current reporting period. Finally, it is assessed as 'unfavourable-inadequate' by Romania. While Greece did not report pressures or threats for the species, those reported by Bulgaria and Romania include pressures and threats linked to urbanisation, roads and motorways, agriculture and silviculture.

The IUCN Red List classifies the species as least concern, as it has a presumed large population, wide distribution, tolerates a broad range of habitats, and does not appear to be in rapid decline (<http://www.iucnredlist.org/details/61529/1> consulted on 25 February 2015).

Species: *Lacerta trilineata*

Report under the Article 17 of the Habitats Directive

Assessment of conservation status at the European biogeographical level



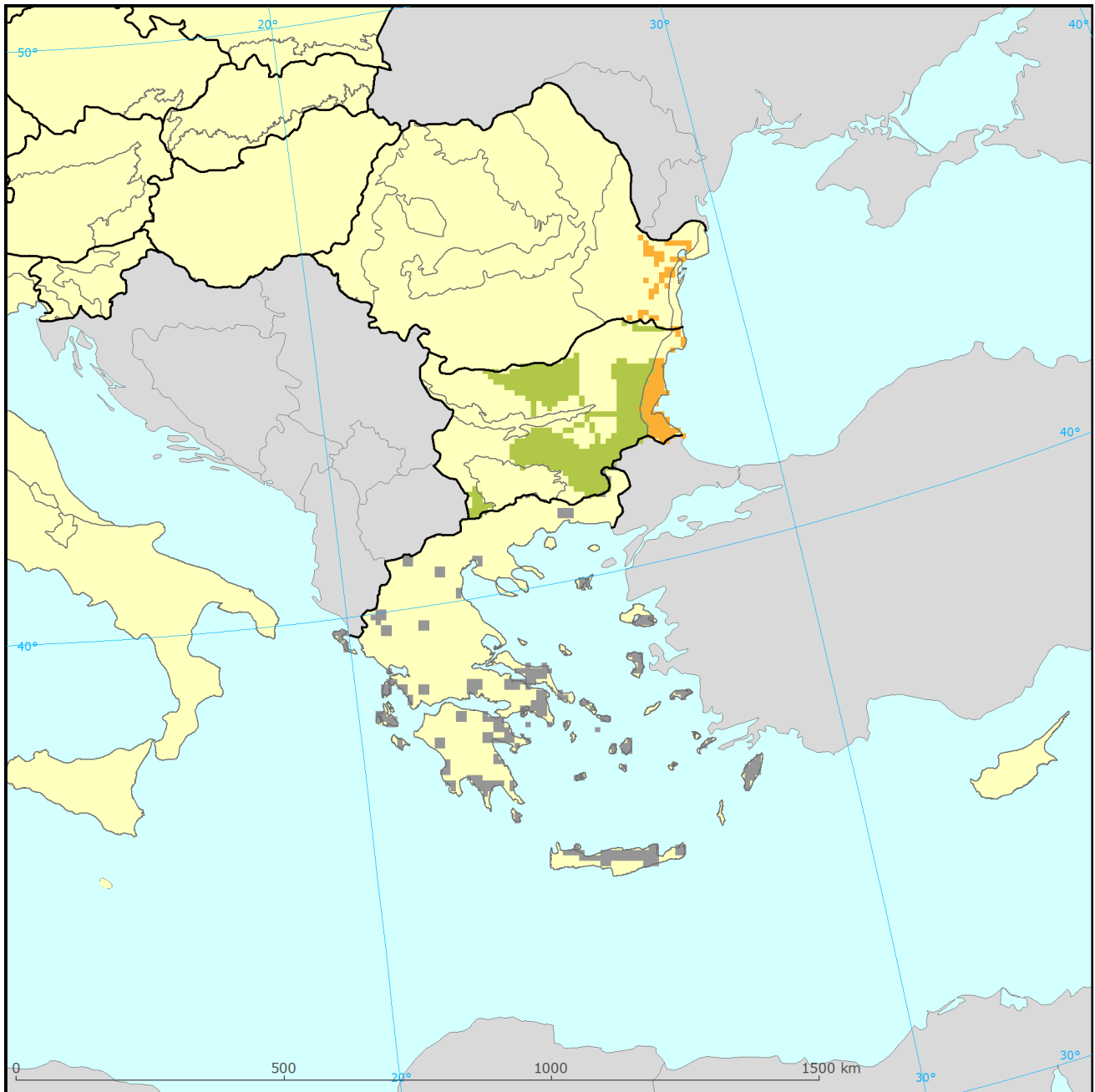
Region	Conservation status (CS) of parameters				Current CS	Trend in CS	% in region	Previous CS	Reason for change
	Range	Population	Habitat	Future prospects					
BLS	FV	FV	U1	U1	U1	=	9	XX	Not genuine
CON	FV	FV	FV	FV	FV	=	55	XX	Not genuine
MED	FV	XX	XX	FV	XX		31	XX	
STE	FV	FV	FV	U1	U1	x	5	XX	Not genuine

See the endnote for more informationⁱ

Species: *Lacerta trilineata*

Report under the Article 17 of the Habitats Directive

Assessment of conservation status at the Member State level



Lacerta trilineata

Distribution and conservation status at the Member State level

- | | |
|---------------------------|------------------------|
| Favourable | EU Member States |
| Unfavourable – inadequate | Outside data coverage |
| Unfavourable – bad | Biogeographical region |
| Unknown | |

The map shows both Conservation Status and distribution using a 10 km x 10 km grid. Conservation status is assessed at biogeographical level. Therefore the representation in each grid cell is only illustrative.

Species: *Lacerta trilineata*

Report under the Article 17 of the Habitats Directive

MS	Region	Conservation status of parameters				Current CS	Trend in CS	% in region	Previous CS	Reason for change
		Range	Population	Habitat	Future prospects					
BG	BLS	FV	FV	U1	U1	U1	=	100.0		
BG	CON	FV	FV	FV	FV	FV		100.0		
GR	MED	FV	XX	XX	FV	XX		100.0	XX	
RO	STE	FV	FV	FV	U1	U1		100.0		

Knowing that not all changes in conservation status between the reporting periods were genuine, Member States were asked to give the reasons for changes in conservation status. Bulgaria and Romania only joined the EU in 2007 and Greece did not report for 2007-12 so no reason is given for change for these countries. Greek data shown above is from 2001-06.

Main pressures and threats reported by Member States

Member States were asked to report the 20 most important threats and pressures using an agreed hierarchical list which can be found on the [Article 17 Reference Portal](#). Pressures are activities which are currently having an impact on the species and threats are activities expected to have an impact in the near future. Pressures and threats were ranked in three classes 'high, medium and low importance'; the tables below only show threats and pressures classed as 'high', for some species there were less than ten threats or pressures reported as highly important.

Ten most frequently reported 'highly important' pressures

Code	Activity	Frequency
E01	Urbanisation and human habitation	100

Ten most frequently reported 'highly important' threats

Code	Activity	Frequency
D01	Roads, railroads and paths	50
E01	Urbanisation and human habitation	50

This information is derived from the Member State national reports submitted to the European Commission under Article 17 of the Habitats Directive in 2013 and covering the period 2007-2012. More detailed information, including the MS reports, is available at:

<http://bd.eionet.europa.eu/article17/reports2012/species/summary/?group=Reptiles&period=3&subject=Lacerta+trilineata>

Species: *Lacerta trilineata*

Report under the Article 17 of the Habitats Directive

i Assessment of conservation status at the European biogeographical level: Current Conservation Status (Current CS) shows the status for the reporting period 2007-2012, Previous Conservation Status (Previous CS) for the reporting period 2000-2006. Reason for change in conservation status between the reporting periods indicates whether the changes in the status were genuine or not genuine. Previous Conservation Status was not assessed for Steppic, Black Sea and Marine Black Sea regions. For these regions the Previous status is therefore considered as 'unknown'. The percentage of the species population occurring within the biogeographical/marine region (% in region) is calculated based on the area of GIS distribution.