



## Gibbula nivosa

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<b>Annex</b>	II, IV
<b>Priority</b>	No
<b>Species group</b>	Molluscs
<b>Regions</b>	Marine Mediterranean

### *Gibbula nivosa*

The trochid gastropod *Gibbula nivosa* is only present in the Marine Mediterranean region, and is endemic to the Maltese Islands. It occurs on seagrass leaves and under rocks at depths of 1-4 meters. It is also listed in Greece in the Marine Mediterranean region, but the species' presence has not been confirmed. It is possible that it no longer exist in Greece.

The overall conclusion is unfavorable- inadequate (U1) based on the report from Malta where range, habitat for species and future prospects all are assessed as unfavorable- inadequate (U1). Population is still unknown and it is important to continue to collect data for this very rare endemic species.

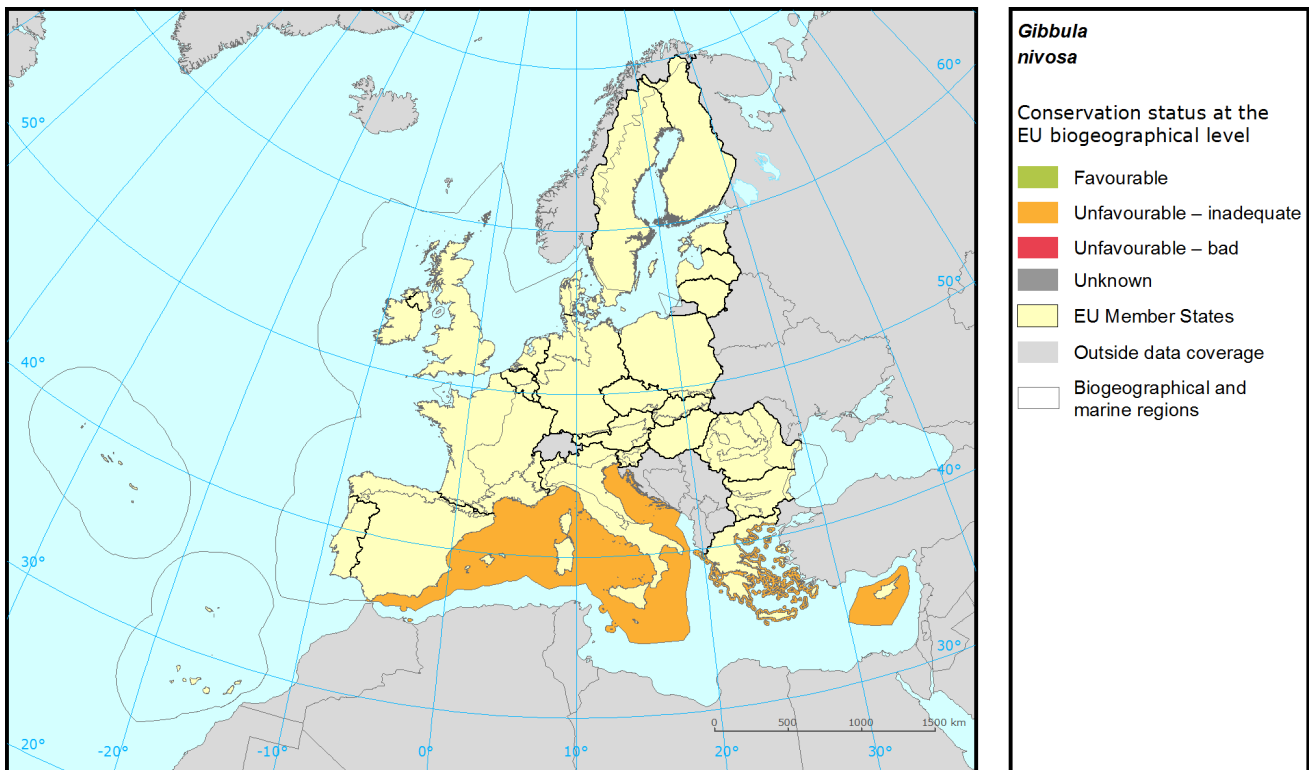
Major pressures and threats are associated with exploitation of shallow waters and water quality.

Major pressures and threats listed are; underground/submerged electricity and phone lines, marine constructions, piers / tourist harbours or recreational piers, other siltation rate changes, marine water pollution , diffuse pollution to surface waters via storm overflows or urban run-off, and removal for collection purposes.

# Species: *Gibbula nivosa*

Report under the Article 17 of the Habitats Directive

## Assessment of conservation status at the European biogeographical level



Region	Conservation status (CS) of parameters				Current CS	Trend in CS	% in region	Previous CS	Reason for change
	Range	Population	Habitat	Future prospects					
MMED	U1	XX	U1	U1	U1	x	100	XX	Not genuine

See the endnote for more information<sup>i</sup>

# Species: *Gibbula nivos*

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## Assessment of conservation status at the Member State level

***No data available***

The map shows both Conservation Status and distribution using a 10 km x 10 km grid. Conservation status is assessed at biogeographical level. Therefore the representation in each grid cell is only illustrative.

# Species: *Gibbula nivosa*

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MS Region	Conservation status of parameters				Current CS	Trend in CS	% in region	Previous CS	Reason for change
	Range	Population	Habitat	Future prospects					
MT MMED	U1	XX	U1	U1	U1	x	100.0	XX	Better data

Knowing that not all changes in conservation status between the reporting periods were genuine, Member States were asked to give the reasons for changes in conservation status. Bulgaria and Romania only joined the EU in 2007 and Greece did not report for 2007-12 so no reason is given for change for these countries. Greek data shown above is from 2001-06.

## Main pressures and threats reported by Member States

Member States were asked to report the 20 most important threats and pressures using an agreed hierarchical list which can be found on the [Article 17 Reference Portal](#). Pressures are activities which are currently having an impact on the species and threats are activities expected to have an impact in the near future. Pressures and threats were ranked in three classes 'high, medium and low importance'; the tables below only show threats and pressures classed as 'high', for some species there were less than ten threats or pressures reported as highly important.

### Ten most frequently reported 'highly important' pressures

Code	Activity	Frequency
D02	Utility and service lines/pipelines	33
D03	Shipping lanes and ports	33
H01	Pollution to surface waters	33

### Ten most frequently reported 'highly important' threats

Code	Activity	Frequency
D02	Utility and service lines/pipelines	50
D03	Shipping lanes and ports	50

## Proportion of population covered by the Natura 2000 network

For species listed in the Annex II of the Directive Member States were asked to report the population size within the Natura 2000 network. The percentage of species population covered by the network was estimated by comparing the population size within the network and the total population size in the biogeographical/marine region.

### Percentage of coverage by Natura 2000 sites in biogeographical/marine region

MMED	
MT	60

See the endnotes for more information<sup>ii</sup>

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## Most frequently reported conservation measures

For species listed in the Annex II of the Directive Member States were asked to report up to 20 conservation measures being implemented for this species using an agreed list which can be found on the Article 17 Reference Portal. Member States were further requested to highlight up to five most important ('highly important') measures; the table below only shows measures classed as 'high', for many species there were less than ten measures reported as highly important.

### Ten most frequently reported 'highly important' conservation measures

Code	Measure	Frequency
6.0	Other spatial measures	25
6.1	Establish protected areas/sites	25
6.3	Legal protection of habitats and species	25
7.1	Regulation/ Management of hunting and taking	25

This information is derived from the Member State national reports submitted to the European Commission under Article 17 of the Habitats Directive in 2013 and covering the period 2007-2012. More detailed information, including the MS reports, is available at:

<http://bd.eionet.europa.eu/article17/reports2012/species/summary/?group=Molluscs&period=3&subject=Gibbula+nivosa>

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**i Assessment of conservation status at the European biogeographical level:** Current Conservation Status (Current CS) shows the status for the reporting period 2007-2012, Previous Conservation Status (Previous CS) for the reporting period 2000-2006. Reason for change in conservation status between the reporting periods indicates whether the changes in the status were genuine or not genuine. Previous Conservation Status was not assessed for Steppic, Black Sea and Marine Black Sea regions. For these regions the Previous status is therefore considered as 'unknown'. The percentage of the species population occurring within the biogeographical/marine region (% in region) is calculated based on the area of GIS distribution.

**ii Percentage of coverage by Natura 2000 sites in biogeographical/marine region:** In some cases the population size within the Natura 2000 network has been estimated using a different methodology to the estimate of overall population size and this can lead to percentage covers greater than 100%. In such case the value has been given as 100% and highlighted with an asterisk (\*). The value 'x' indicates that the Member State has not reported the species population and/or the coverage by Natura 2000. No information is available for Greece. The values are only provided for regions, in which the occurrence of the species has been reported by the Member States.