Report under the Article 17 of the Habitats Directive Period 2007-2012

European Environment Agency *European Topic Centre on Biological Diversity*



Huso huso

Annex V
Priority No
Species group Fish

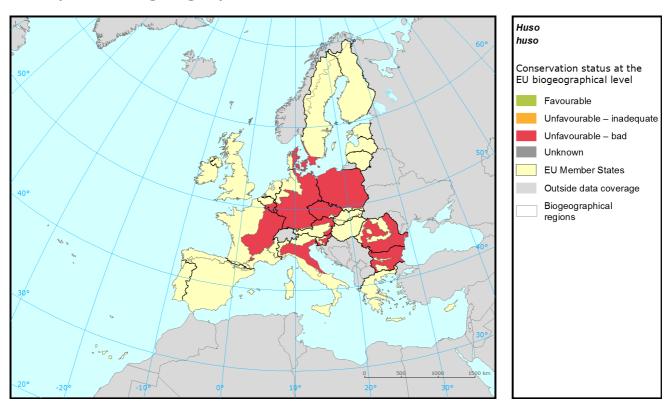
Regions Black Sea, Continental, Steppic

The Beluga, *Huso huso*, is a member of family Acipenseridae and represents one of the largest fishes occurring in freshwater.

Beluga was native in Caspian, Black, Azov and Adriatic Sea basins and adjacent rivers and is now extirpated in Azov and Adriatic Seas. The last population in Black Sea migrates to Danube. This species was not reported in previous reporting period and it was assessed as Unfavourable – Bad in all current reports, which is in agreement with Critically endangered status in IUCN Red List.

Overfishing for meat at sea and for caviar in estuaries together with loss of spawning sites will soon cause extinction of its populations.

Assessment of conservation status at the European biogeographical level



Region	Conservation status (CS) of parameters				Current	Trend in	% in	Previous	Reason for
	Range	Population	Habitat	Future prospects	CS	CS	region	CS	change
BLS	U2	U2	U2	U2	U2	-	7	XX	Not genuine
CON	U2	U2	U2	U2	U2	-	42	XX	Not genuine
STE	U2	U2	U2	U2	U2	-	51	XX	Not genuine

See the endnote for more informationⁱ

Assessment of conservation status at the Member State level



The map shows both Conservation Status and distribution using a $10 \text{ km} \times 10 \text{ km}$ grid. Conservation status is assessed at biogeographical level. Therefore the representation in each grid cell is only illustrative.

Unknown

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MS Region		Cons	ervation state	us of para	ameters	Current	Trend in CS	% in region	Previous CS	Reason for change
		Range	Population	Habitat	Future prospects	CS				
BG	BLS	XX	XX	XX	XX	XX				
RO	BLS	U2	U2	U2	U2	U2	-	100.0		
BG	CON	XX	XX	XX	XX	XX				
RO	CON	U2	U2	U2	U2	U2	-	100.0		
RO	STE	U2	U2	U2	U2	U2	-	100.0		

Knowing that not all changes in conservation status between the reporting periods were genuine, Member States were asked to give the reasons for changes in conservation status. Bulgaria and Romania only joined the EU in 2007 and Greece did not report for 2007-12 so no reason is given for change for these countries. Greek data shown above is from 2001-06.

Main pressures and threats reported by Member States

Member States were asked to report the 20 most important threats and pressures using an agreed hierarchical list which can be found on the Article 17 Reference Portal. Pressures are activities which are currently having an impact on the species and threats are activities expected to have an impact in the near future. Pressures and threats were ranked in three classes 'high, medium and low importance'; the tables below only show threats and pressures classed as 'high', for some species there were less than ten threats or pressures reported as highly important.

Ten most frequently reported 'highly important' pressures

Code	Activity	Frequency
J02	Changes in water bodies conditions	50
J03	Other changes to ecosystems	50

Ten most frequently reported 'highly important' threats

Code	Activity	Frequency
J02	Changes in water bodies conditions	50
J03	Other changes to ecosystems	50

This information is derived from the Member State national reports submitted to the European Commission under Article 17 of the Habitats Directive in 2013 and covering the period 2007-2012. More detailed information, including the MS reports, is available at: http://bd.eionet.europa.eu/article17/reports2012/species/summary/? group=Fish&period=3&subject=Huso+huso

Species: Huso huso

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Assessment of conservation status at the European biogeographical level: Current Conservation Status (Current CS) shows the status for the reporting period 2007-2012, Previous Conservation Status (Previous CS) for the reporting period 2000-2006. Reason for change in conservation status between the reporting periods indicates whether the changes in the status were genuine or not genuine. Previous Conservation Status was not assessed for Steppic, Black Sea and Marine Black Sea regions. For these regions the Previous status is therefore considered as 'unknown'. The percentage of the species population occurring within the biogeographical/marine region (% in region) is calculated based on the area of GIS distribution.