



Scyllarides latus

Annex	V
Priority	No
Species group	Arthropods
Regions	Marine Atlantic, Marine Macaronesian, Marine Mediterranean

Scyllarides latus

The Mediterranean slipper lobster, *Scyllarides latus*, is present in the Marine Mediterranean-, Marine Atlantic- and Marine Macaronesian region.

Scyllarides latus is on IUCN's red list of threatened species as data deficient (DD). This species has been harvested intensively. Therefore, it has become rare in various locations in the Atlantic and Mediterranean, especially in the Azores (Marine Macaronesian region), and in Italy (Marine Mediterranean region).

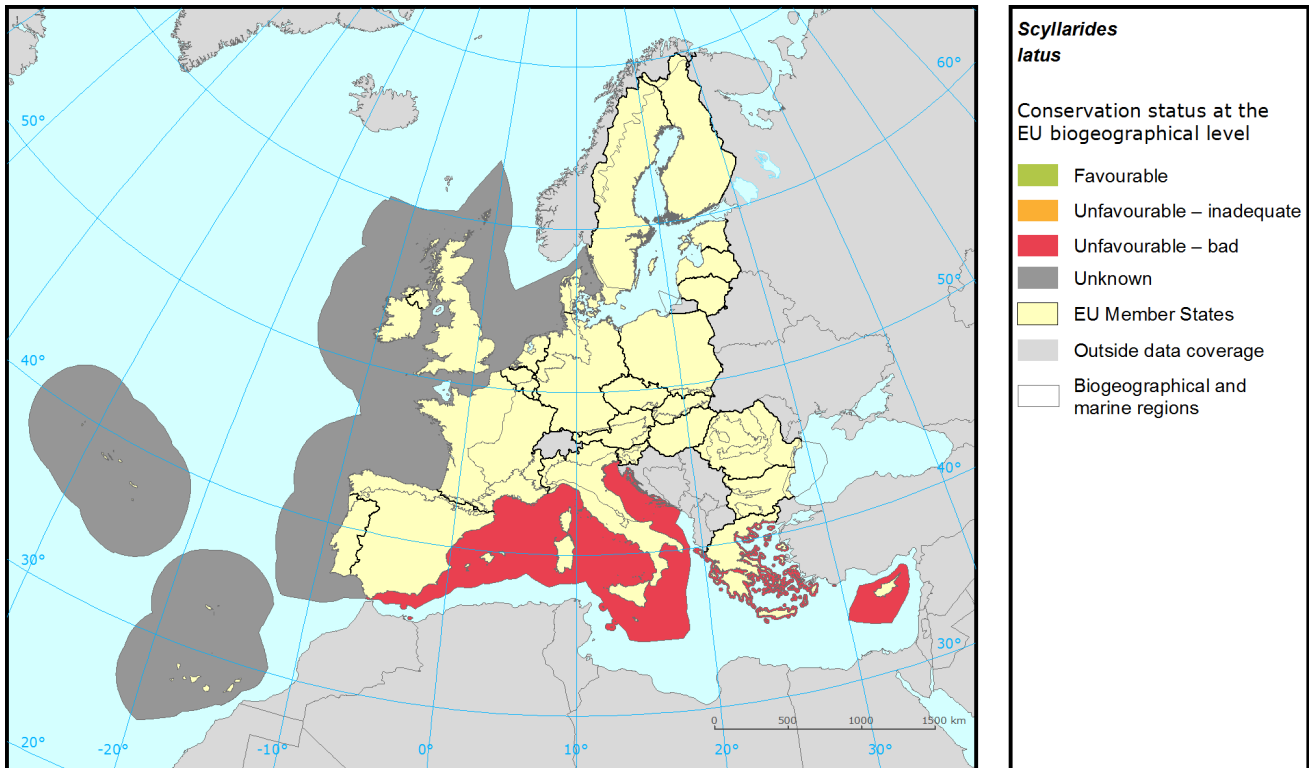
Overall status for *Scyllarides latus* is unknown (XX) in the Marine Atlantic- and Marine Macaronesian region. In the Marine Mediterranean region, overall conclusion is unfavorable-bad (U2). The species was reported as unknown (XX) in 2007 in all regions.

It is important to collect data for the species, particularly as it is considered rare. It is important to be able to assess also the Marine Atlantic and Marine Macaronesian region. Also, data is important for accurate judgement to regulate exploitation.

Species: *Scyllarides latus*

Report under the Article 17 of the Habitats Directive

Assessment of conservation status at the European biogeographical level



Region	Conservation status (CS) of parameters				Current CS	Trend in CS	% in region	Previous CS	Reason for change
	Range	Population	Habitat	Future prospects					
MATL	XX	XX	XX	XX	XX	x	0.16	XX	
MMAC	XX	XX	XX	XX	XX	x	2	XX	
MMED	FV	U2	FV	U1	U2	=	98	XX	Not genuine

See the endnote for more informationⁱ

Species: *Scyllarides latus*








Report under the Article 17 of the Habitats Directive

Assessment of conservation status at the Member State level



Scyllarides latus

Distribution and conservation status at the Member State level

- | | |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
|  Favourable |  EU Member States |
|  Unfavourable - inadequate |  Outside data coverage |
|  Unfavourable - bad |  Biogeographical and marine regions |
|  Unknown | |

The map shows both Conservation Status and distribution using a 10 km x 10 km grid. Conservation status is assessed at biogeographical level. Therefore the representation in each grid cell is only illustrative.

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MS Region	Conservation status of parameters				Current CS	Trend in CS	% in region	Previous CS	Reason for change
	Range	Population	Habitat	Future prospects					
ES MATL	XX	XX	XX	XX	XX		100.0		
ES MMAC	XX	XX	XX	XX	XX		34.7	XX	
PT MMAC	XX	XX	FV	XX	XX		65.3	XX	
ES MMED	XX	XX	XX	XX	XX		3.7	XX	
FR MMED	FV	XX	XX	XX	XX		0.3	U1	Changed method
GR MMED	XX	XX	XX	XX	XX		1.2	XX	
IT MMED	FV	U2	FV	U1	U2	=	94.8	XX	Better data
MT MMED	XX	U1	FV	U1	U1	x		XX	Better data

Knowing that not all changes in conservation status between the reporting periods were genuine, Member States were asked to give the reasons for changes in conservation status. Bulgaria and Romania only joined the EU in 2007 and Greece did not report for 2007-12 so no reason is given for change for these countries. Greek data shown above is from 2001-06.

Main pressures and threats reported by Member States

Member States were asked to report the 20 most important threats and pressures using an agreed hierarchical list which can be found on the [Article 17 Reference Portal](#). Pressures are activities which are currently having an impact on the species and threats are activities expected to have an impact in the near future. Pressures and threats were ranked in three classes 'high, medium and low importance'; the tables below only show threats and pressures classed as 'high', for some species there were less than ten threats or pressures reported as highly important.

Ten most frequently reported 'highly important' pressures

Code	Activity	Frequency
F02	Fishing and harvesting aquatic resources	75
G01	Outdoor sports, leisure and recreational activities	25

Ten most frequently reported 'highly important' threats

Code	Activity	Frequency
F02	Fishing and harvesting aquatic resources	75
G01	Outdoor sports, leisure and recreational activities	25

This information is derived from the Member State national reports submitted to the European Commission under Article 17 of the Habitats Directive in 2013 and covering the period 2007-2012. More detailed information, including the MS reports, is available at:

<http://bd.eionet.europa.eu/article17/reports2012/species/summary/?group=Arthropods&period=3&subject=Scyllarides+latus>

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i Assessment of conservation status at the European biogeographical level: Current Conservation Status (Current CS) shows the status for the reporting period 2007-2012, Previous Conservation Status (Previous CS) for the reporting period 2000-2006. Reason for change in conservation status between the reporting periods indicates whether the changes in the status were genuine or not genuine. Previous Conservation Status was not assessed for Steppic, Black Sea and Marine Black Sea regions. For these regions the Previous status is therefore considered as 'unknown'. The percentage of the species population occurring within the biogeographical/marine region (% in region) is calculated based on the area of GIS distribution.