



Rana iberica

Annex	IV
Priority	No
Species group	Amphibians
Regions	Atlantic, Mediterranean

Rana iberica

The Iberian Frog occurs in the Iberian Peninsula, where it is mostly restricted to northern Portugal and north-western and central Spain. According to the IUCN Red List this frog is found close to rivers, streams, lakes and marshes. It prefers stands with abundant riparian vegetation and its terrestrial habitats include woods, moors, meadows and areas of low scrub.

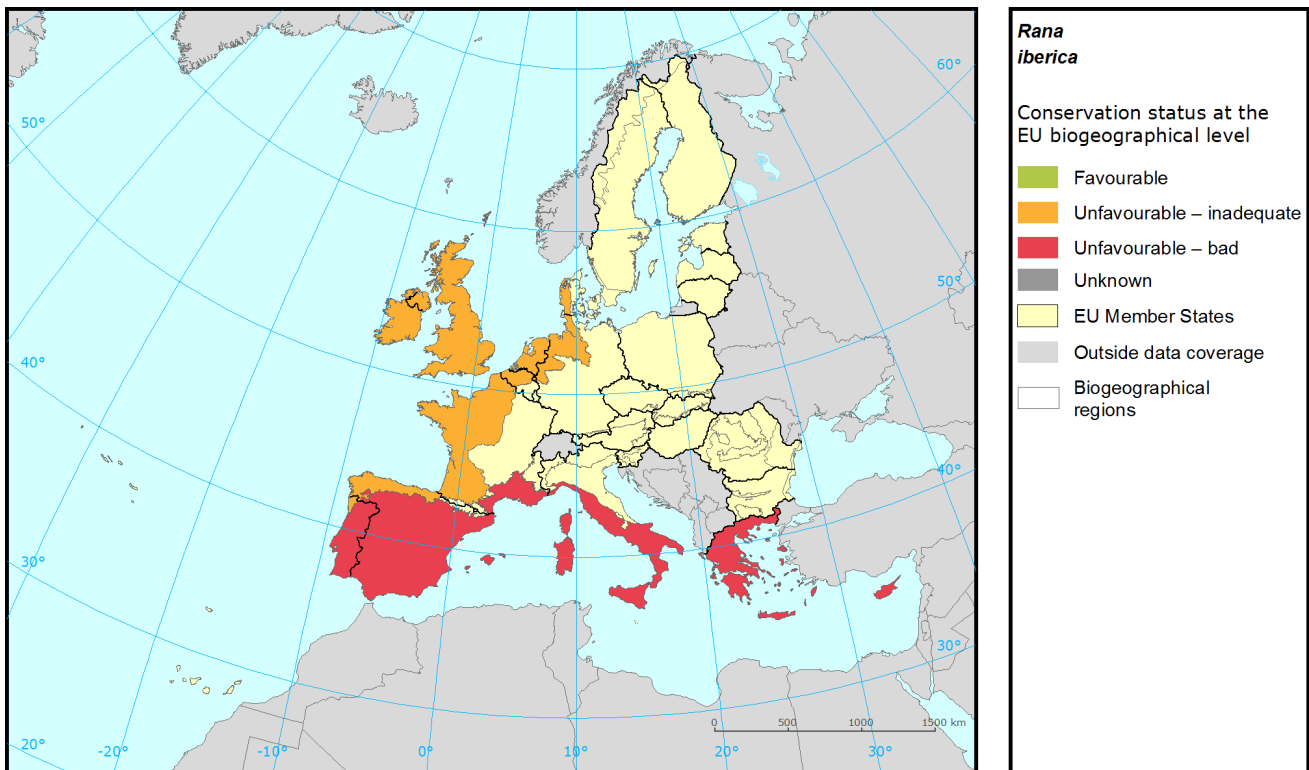
The species is reported by Portugal and Spain for the Atlantic and Mediterranean biogeographical regions. The conservation status for the Atlantic region is assessed as 'unfavourable-inadequate', which marks a change from 'unknown' in the previous reporting period. The conservation status for the Mediterranean region, on the other hand, is 'unfavourable-bad', which is a change from 'unfavourable-inadequate' in the previous reporting period. However, on the Member State level there was no change between reporting periods for the Portuguese reports and the conservation status assessment changes for Spain are non-genuine (change in assessment methodology). Pressures and threats reported by Member States include introduction of species, pollution to surface waters, loss of habitat features, modification of hydrographic functioning, crop production and forest planting.

The IUCN Red List classifies the species as near threatened as it is in significant decline (<http://www.iucnredlist.org/details/58622/1> consulted on 4 March 2015).

Species: *Rana iberica*

Report under the Article 17 of the Habitats Directive

Assessment of conservation status at the European biogeographical level



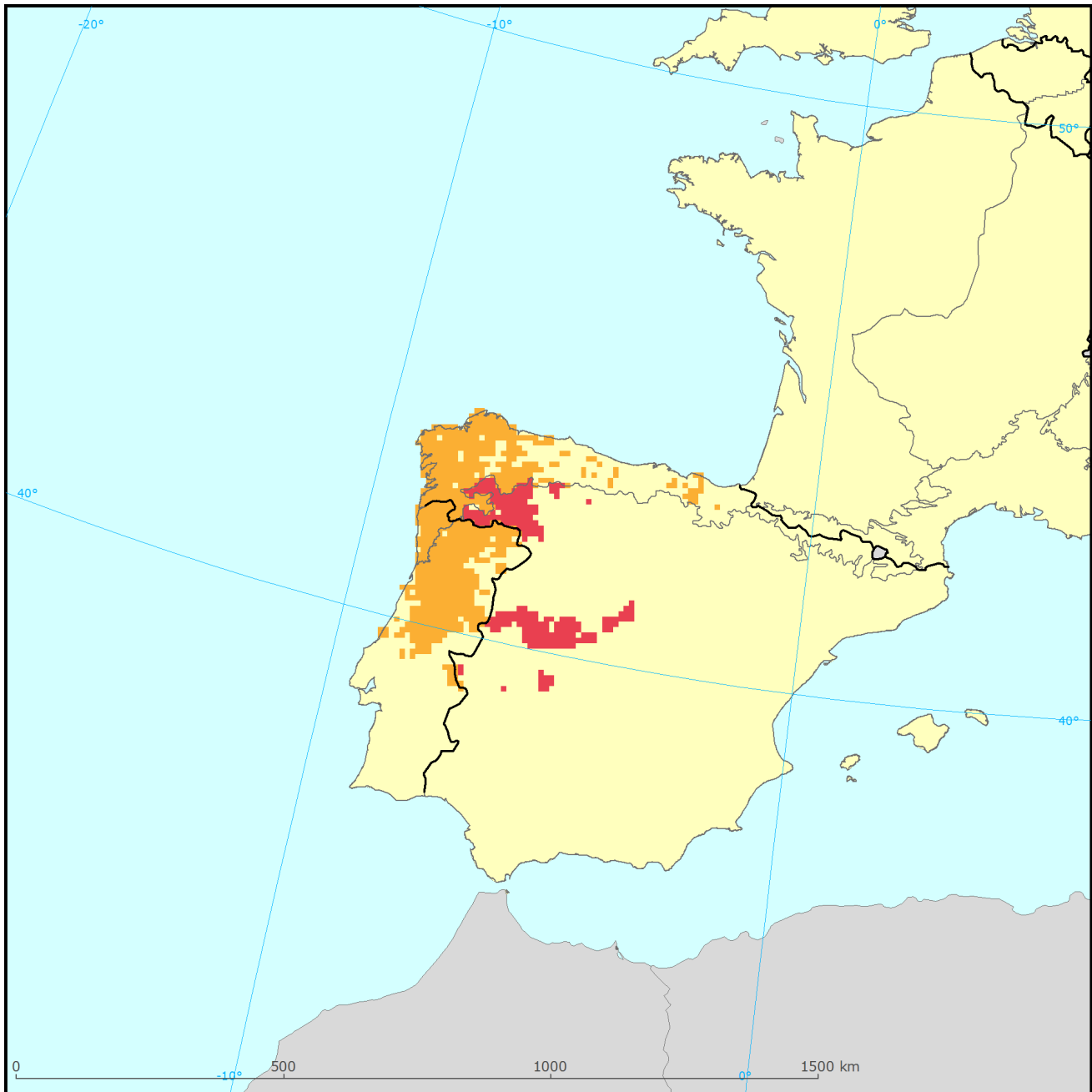
Region	Conservation status (CS) of parameters				Current CS	Trend in CS	% in region	Previous CS	Reason for change
	Range	Population	Habitat	Future prospects					
ATL	FV	U1	U1	U1	U1	-	40	XX	Not genuine
MED	FV	XX	U2	XX	U2	x	60	U1	Not genuine

See the endnote for more informationⁱ

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Assessment of conservation status at the Member State level



Rana iberica

Distribution and conservation status at the Member State level

- | | |
|---------------------------|------------------------|
| Favourable | EU Member States |
| Unfavourable - inadequate | Outside data coverage |
| Unfavourable - bad | Biogeographical region |
| Unknown | |

The map shows both Conservation Status and distribution using a 10 km x 10 km grid. Conservation status is assessed at biogeographical level. Therefore the representation in each grid cell is only illustrative.

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MS Region	Conservation status of parameters				Current CS	Trend in CS	% in region	Previous CS	Reason for change
	Range	Population	Habitat	Future prospects					
ES ATL	FV	U1	U1	U1	U1	-	86.1	XX	Changed method
PT ATL	FV	XX	U1	XX	U1	x	13.9	U1	
ES MED	FV	U1	U2	U1	U2	-	41.0	XX	Changed method
PT MED	FV	XX	U1	XX	U1	x	59.0	U1	

Knowing that not all changes in conservation status between the reporting periods were genuine, Member States were asked to give the reasons for changes in conservation status. Bulgaria and Romania only joined the EU in 2007 and Greece did not report for 2007-12 so no reason is given for change for these countries. Greek data shown above is from 2001-06.

Main pressures and threats reported by Member States

Member States were asked to report the 20 most important threats and pressures using an agreed hierarchical list which can be found on the [Article 17 Reference Portal](#). Pressures are activities which are currently having an impact on the species and threats are activities expected to have an impact in the near future. Pressures and threats were ranked in three classes 'high, medium and low importance'; the tables below only show threats and pressures classed as 'high', for some species there were less than ten threats or pressures reported as highly important.

Ten most frequently reported 'highly important' pressures

Code	Activity	Frequency
H01	Pollution to surface waters	33
J03	Other changes to ecosystems	33
K03	Interspecific faunal relations	33

Ten most frequently reported 'highly important' threats

Code	Activity	Frequency
H01	Pollution to surface waters	33
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This information is derived from the Member State national reports submitted to the European Commission under Article 17 of the Habitats Directive in 2013 and covering the period 2007-2012. More detailed information, including the MS reports, is available at:

<http://bd.eionet.europa.eu/article17/reports2012/species/summary/?group=Amphibians&period=3&subject=Rana+iberica>

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i Assessment of conservation status at the European biogeographical level: Current Conservation Status (Current CS) shows the status for the reporting period 2007-2012, Previous Conservation Status (Previous CS) for the reporting period 2000-2006. Reason for change in conservation status between the reporting periods indicates whether the changes in the status were genuine or not genuine. Previous Conservation Status was not assessed for Steppic, Black Sea and Marine Black Sea regions. For these regions the Previous status is therefore considered as 'unknown'. The percentage of the species population occurring within the biogeographical/marine region (% in region) is calculated based on the area of GIS distribution.