Report under the Article 17 of the Habitats Directive Period 2007-2012

# **European Environment Agency** *European Topic Centre on Biological Diversity*



## 6160 Oro-Iberian Festuca indigesta grasslands

Habitat code 6160 Priority No

Habitat group Grasslands

**Regions** Atlantic, Mediterranean

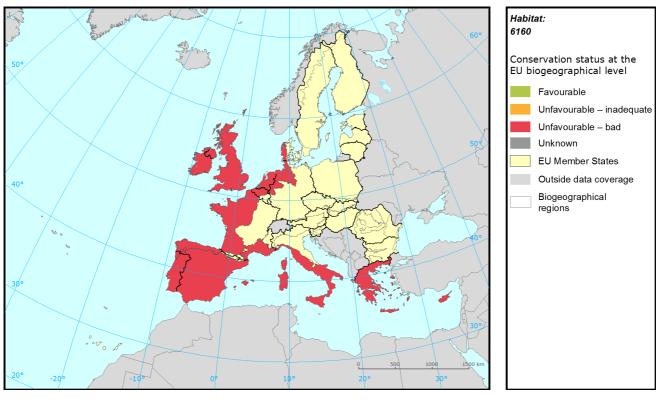
Oro-Iberian *Festuca indigesta* grasslands are not compact, stripped and garland fescue grasslands of warm siliceous upper slopes and summits of the high Mediterranean mountains, locally extending to the subalpine level of the central Europe and Asia.

The conservation status in both reported regions (Atlantic and Mediterranean) is unfavourable-bad with deteriorating or unknown trend. Out of the two reporting countries, it is always due to Spain that hosts 87% of the habitat distribution. Favourable or near-favourable (unknown) status in Portugal could not have changed the regional conclusions. At regional level the range was concluded always as unfavourable-inadequate and future prospects as unfavourable-bad. No genuine improvement of regional conclusions was reached.

Main pressures and threats are mostly sport and leisure structures, changes in biotic conditions (eventually due to warming of climate, mowing or grazing) and modification of water courses and hydrographic functioning in general.

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## Assessment of conservation status at the European biogeographical level

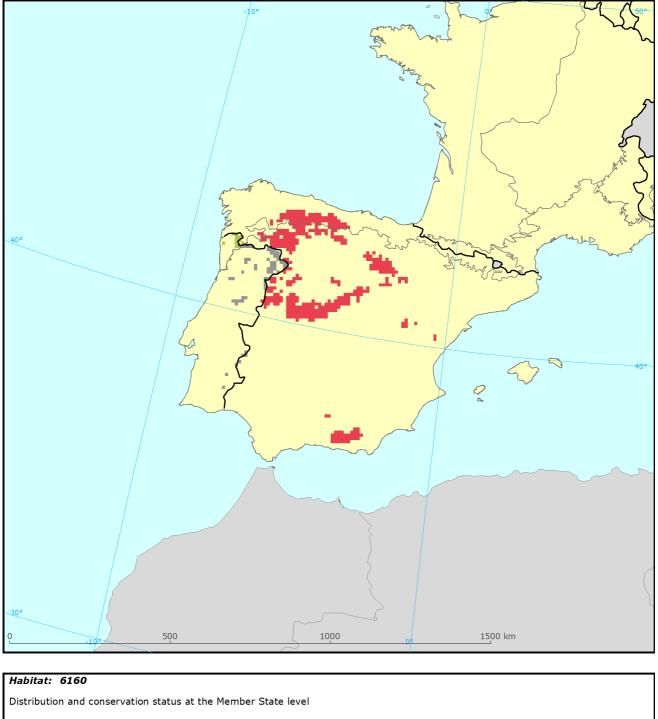


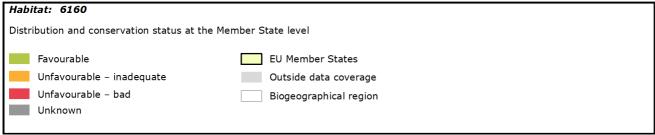
_	Conservation status (CS) of parameters								
Region	Range	Area	Structure & Functions	Future prospects	Current CS	Trend in CS	% in region	Previous CS	Reason for change
ATL	U1	XX	XX	U2	U2	Х	18	XX	Not genuine
MED	U1	XX	XX	U2	U2	-	82	XX	Not genuine

See the endnote for more information<sup>i</sup>

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#### Assessment of conservation status at the Member State level





The map shows both Conservation Status and distribution using a 10 km x 10 km grid. Conservation status is assessed at biogeographical level. Therefore the representation in each grid cell is only illustrative.

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Conservation status (CS) of parameters										
MS	Region	Range	Area	Structure & functions	Future prospects	Current CS	Trend in CS	% in region	Previous CS	Reason for change
ES	ATL	U1	XX	XX	U2	U2	х	87.0	XX	Changed method
PT	ATL	FV	FV	FV	FV	FV		13.0	FV	
ES	MED	U1	XX	XX	U2	U2	-	86.3	XX	Changed method
PT	MED	XX	FV	FV	XX	XX		13.7	FV	Changed method

Knowing that not all changes in conservation status between the reporting periods were genuine, Member States were asked to give the reasons for changes in conservation status. Bulgaria and Romania only joined the EU in 2007 and Greece did not report for 2007-12 so no reason is given for change for these countries. Greek data shown above is from 2001-06.

## Main pressures and threats reported by Member States

Member States were asked to report the 20 most important threats and pressures using an agreed hierarchical list which can be found on the Article 17 Reference Portal. Pressures are activities which are currently having an impact on the habitats and threats are activities expected to have an impact in the near future. Pressures and threats were ranked in three classes 'high, medium and low importance'; the tables below only show threats and pressures classed as 'high', for some habitats there were less than ten threats or pressures reported as highly important.

#### Ten most frequently reported 'highly important' pressures

Code	Activity	Frequency
G02	Sport and leisure infrastructures	100

#### Ten most frequently reported 'highly important' threats

Code	Activity	Frequency
G02	Sport and leisure infrastructures	60
M02	Biotic changes (climate change)	40

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## Proportion of population covered by the Natura 2000 network

Member States were asked to report the area of the habitat which is covered by the Natura 2000 network. The percentage of the habitat area covered by the network was estimated by comparing the area within the network and the total area in the biogeographical/marine region.

#### Percentage of coverage by Natura 2000 sites in biogeographical/marine region

	ATL	MED
ES	Χ	Х
PT	Х	Х

See the endnotes for more information<sup>ii</sup>

### Most frequently reported conservation measures

Member States were asked to report up to 20 conservation measures being implemented for this habitat using an agreed list which can be found on the Article 17 Reference Portal. Member States were further requested to highlight up to five most important ('highly important') measures; the table below only shows measures classed as 'high', for many habitats there were less than ten measures reported as highly important.

#### Ten most frequently reported 'highly important' conservation measures

Code	Measure	Frequency
9.1	Regulating/Management exploitation of natural resources on land	36
2.1	Maintaining grasslands and other open habitats	18
4.0	Other wetland-related measures	18
4.2	Restoring/improving the hydrological regime	9
6.1	Establish protected areas/sites	9
6.3	Legal protection of habitats and species	9

This information is derived from the Member State national reports submitted to the European Commission under Article 17 of the Habitats Directive in 2013 and covering the period 2007-2012. More detailed information, including the MS reports, is available at: http://bd.eionet.europa.eu/article17/reports2012/habitat/summary/? group=Grasslands&period=3&subject=6160

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Assessment of conservation status at the European biogeographical level: Current Conservation Status (Current CS) shows the status for the reporting period 2007-2012, Previous Conservation Status (Previous CS) for the reporting period 2000-2006. Reason for change in conservation status between the reporting periods indicates whether the changes in the status were genuine or not genuine. Previous Conservation Status was not assessed for Steppic, Black Sea and Marine Black Sea regions. For these regions the Previous status is therefore considered as 'unknown'. The percentage of the habitat area occurring within the biogeographical/marine region (% in region) is calculated based on the area of GIS distribution.

<sup>ii</sup>Percentage of coverage by Natura 2000 sites in biogeographical/marine region: In some cases the population size within the Natura 2000 network has been estimated using a different methodology to the estimate of overall population size and this can lead to percentage covers greater than 100%. In such case the value has been given as 100% and highlighted with an asterisk (\*). The value 'x' indicates that the Member State has not reported the habitat area and/or the coverage by Natura 2000. No information is available for Greece. The values are only provided for regions, in which the occurrence of the habitat has been reported by the Member States.