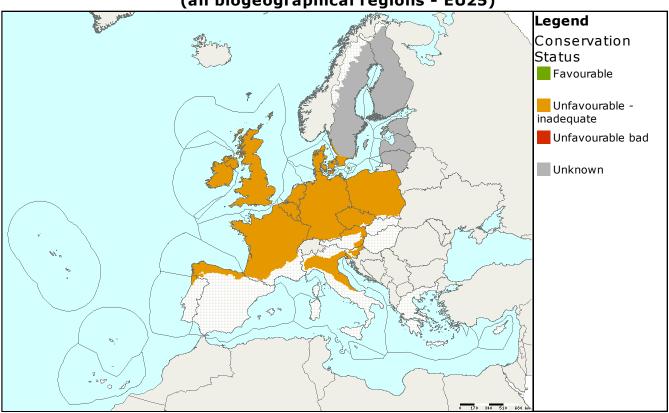
Habitats Directive Article 17 Reporting



Species name: Thesium ebracteatum
Annex: II, IV
Species group: Plants
Regions: ATL BOR CON

Assessments of conservation status at the European level (all biogeographical regions - EU25)

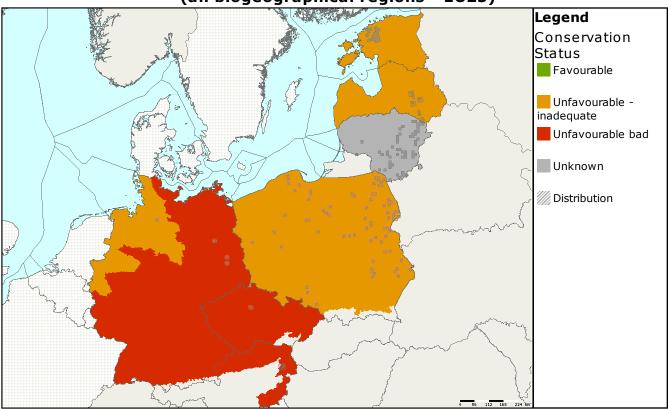


MS	Region		Conservatio	Donulation	Donulation			
		Range	Population	Habitat	Future prospects	Overall	Population size & unit	Population Trend
EU25	ATL						1 loc.	=
EU25	BOR						92 grids	
EU25	CON						88 grids	

Thesium ebracteatum is a plant species present mostly in the Baltic region.

In Atlantic region only one locality recorded in Germany. 'Unfavourable-inadequate' overall assessment is due to habitat and future prospects. Trends are stable. For Boreal region the final result is affected mostly by the Lithuanian report (mainly 'unknown'). The overall assessment is 'unknown but not favourable' as a results from high number of 'unfavourable' parameter assessments. Range trend is stable in all three countries. In Latvia, the species was found only in the south-east of the country. In Continental region species is most widespread in Poland. Therefore the overall assessment results from the Polish report – 'unfavourable-inadequate' (despite of 'unfavourable-bad' assessments by Austria, Czech Republic and Germany). There is a need to improve quality of the habitat by suitable management in Czech Republic. Polish NGOs comment that recent data (2007) shows a marked decrease in range - this should become apparent in the next reporting cycle.

Assessments of conservation status as reported by Member states (all biogeographical regions - EU25)



MS	Region	C	nservation	status	assessme		Donulation	Data	
		Range	Population	Habitat	Future prospects	Overall	I SIZANIINII	Population trend	quality
DE							1 - (1) loc.	=	1
EE	BOR						4000 - 6000 indiv.	-	2
LT	BOR						18 - 60 loc.	Χ	3
LV	BOR						6 - 6 loc.	=	2
AT	CON						200 - 300 indiv.	Χ	2
CZ	CON						20000 - 20000 shoots	=	3
DE	CON						1 - (1) loc.	=	1
PL	CON						78 - 78 loc.	-	2

Data quality is based on as assessment by each Member State, 1 = good, 2 = medium, 3 = poor

This information is derived from the Member State national reports submitted to the European Commission under Article 17 of the Habitats Directive in 2007 and covering the period 2001-2006. More detailed information is available at http://biodiversity.eionet.europa.eu/article17