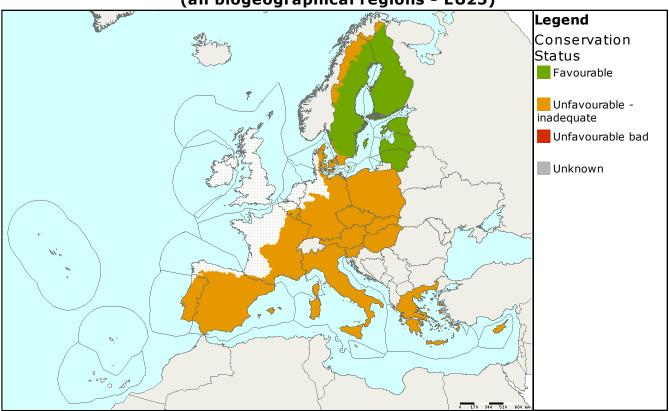
Habitats Directive Article 17 Reporting



Species name: Asplenium adulterinum Species group: Plants

Annex: II, IV Regions: ALP BOR CON MED PAN

Assessments of conservation status at the European level (all biogeographical regions - EU25)

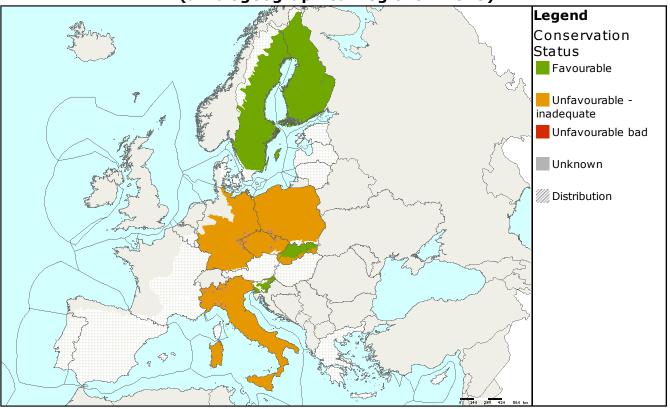


MS	Region		Conservation	status	Population	Population		
		Range	Population	Habitat	Future prospects	Overall	size & unit	Trend
EU25	BOR						2100 tuffs	=
EU25	MED						2 loc.	=
EU25	PAN						100 - 200 tuffs	+
EU25	ALP						10 grids	
EU25	CON						32 grids	_

The ladder spleenwort is a plant which occurs in many European countries, mainly in the lower parts of mountain ranges such as the Alps and the Carpathians on serpentine and other ultra-mafic rocks. It grows on rocky often shady and moist, habitats.

Although this plant occurs in five geographical regions, the total area it inhabits is very limited and therefore the species is considered to be rare. In most of the geographical areas (Alpine, Continental, Mediterranean and Pannonian) it has been assessed as 'inadequate'. In the Boreal regions its status is 'favourable'.

Assessments of conservation status as reported by Member states (all biogeographical regions - EU25)



MS	Region	Conservation status assessment						Population	Data
		Range	Population	Habitat	Future prospects	Overall	Size&unit	Population trend	quality
IT	ALP						6 - 6 loc.	=	2
SK	ALP						600 - 1000 tuffs	+	2
FI	BOR						1700 - (1700) tuffs	=	1
SE	BOR						400 - 400 tuffs	=	1
CZ	CON						31400 - 31400 tuffs	=	1
DE	CON						22 - (22) loc.	=	1
IT	CON						5 - 5 loc.	=	2
PL	CON						200 - 200 tuffs	=	1
SI	CON						3 - (3) loc.	-	1
IT	MED						2 - 2 loc.	=	2
SK	PAN						100 - 200 tuffs	+	2

Data quality is based on as assessment by each Member State, 1 = good, 2 = medium, 3 = poor

This information is derived from the Member State national reports submitted to the European Commission under Article 17 of the Habitats Directive in 2007 and covering the period 2001-2006. More detailed information is available at http://biodiversity.eionet.europa.eu/article17