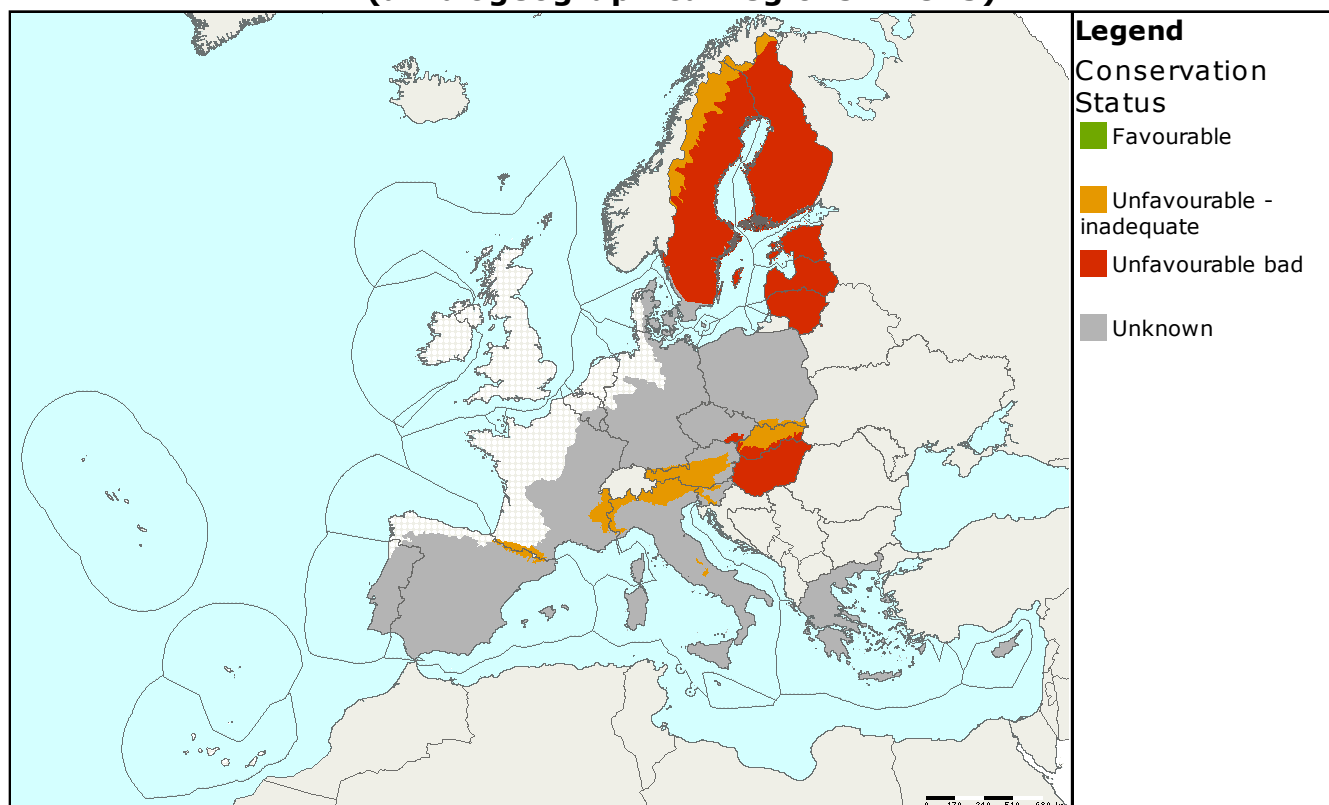


Species name: **Dryomys nitedula**
Annex: **IV**

Species group: **Mammals**
Regions: **ALP BOR CON MED PAN**

Assessments of conservation status at the European level (all biogeographical regions - EU25)

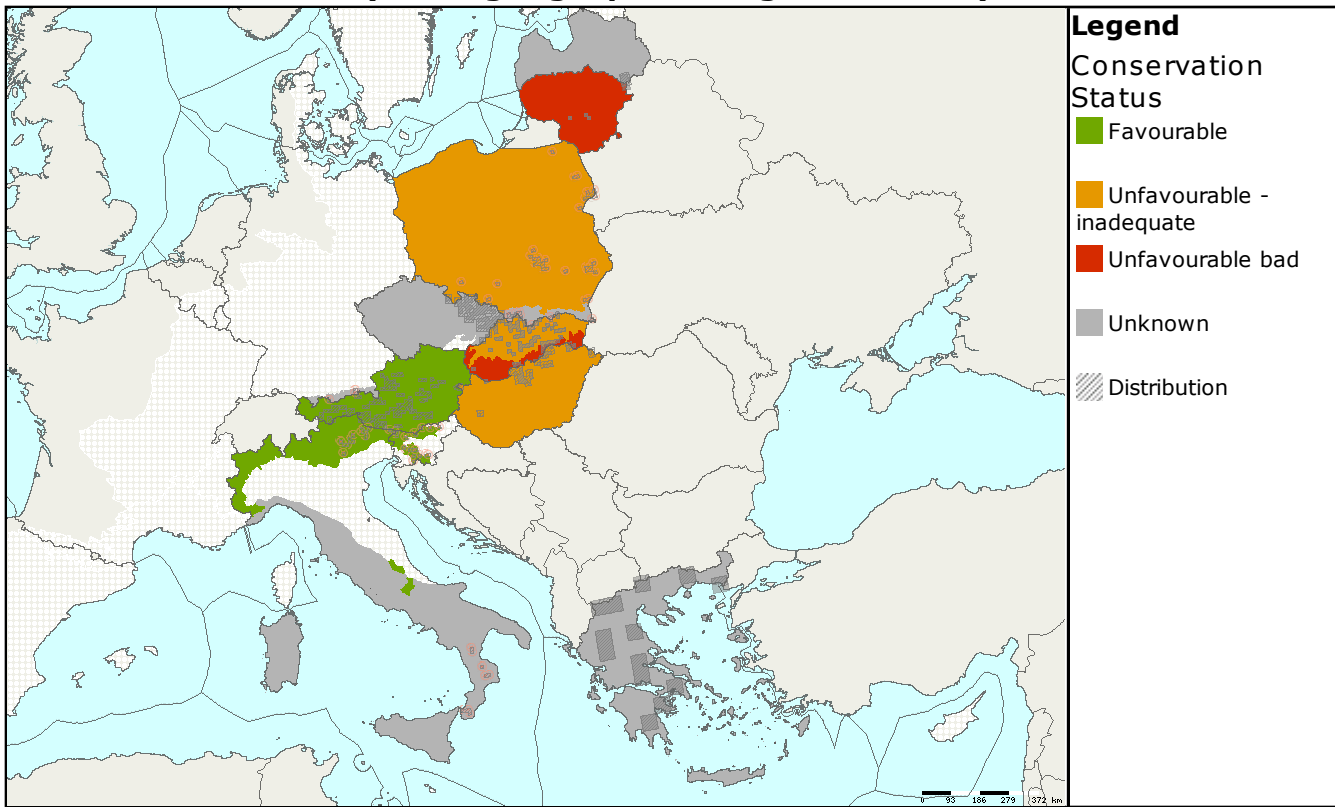


MS	Region	Conservation status assessment					Population size & unit	Population Trend
		Range	Population	Habitat	Future prospects	Overall		
EU25	ALP	■	■	■	■	■	273 grids	
EU25	BOR	■	■	■	■	■	3 - 4 loc.	
EU25	CON	■	■	■	■	■	188 grids	X
EU25	MED	■	■	■	■	■	314 grids	
EU25	PAN	■	■	■	■	■	55 - 80 loc.	

The forest dormouse is rodent species which within Europe is present in the Alps, the Balkan and the Baltic States and the areas in between. It has a preference for broadleaved or mixed forests with an extended undergrowth of shrubs.

The overall assessments of the different regions (Alpine, Boreal, Continental, Mediterranean and Pannonian) vary from 'unknown', 'inadequate' and 'bad'. Key data from Greece, Poland and Hungary are insufficient. However, in most countries of the Alpine region this species is performing fairly well as most overall assessments are 'favourable'. Major threats to this species are forest exploitation and the removal of undergrowth and dead wood. The good performance of this species in some countries might declare why its IUCN conservation status is 'Least Concern'.

Assessments of conservation status as reported by Member states (all biogeographical regions - EU25)



MS	Region	Conservation status assessment					Size&unit	Population trend	Data quality
		Range	Population	Habitat	Future prospects	Overall			
AT	ALP						80 - 80 grids	X	3
DE	ALP						4 - (4) x	X	3
IT	ALP						23 - 23 loc.	=	2
PL	ALP						(10) - 10 grids	X	3
SI	ALP						N/A x	=	3
SK	ALP						50 - 160 loc.	X	2
LT	BOR						2 - 3 loc.	X	2
LV	BOR						1 - 1 loc.	=	2
AT	CON						9 - 9 grids	X	3
CZ	CON						47 - 47 grids	X	3
PL	CON						50 - (50) loc.	X	2
EL	MED						N/A x	X	
IT	MED						10 - 10 loc.	=	2
HU	PAN						45 - 50 loc.	X	3
SK	PAN						10 - 30 loc.	-	3

Data quality is based on as assessment by each Member State, 1 = good, 2 = medium, 3 = poor

This information is derived from the Member State national reports submitted to the European Commission under Article 17 of the Habitats Directive in 2007 and covering the period 2001-2006. More detailed information is available at <http://biodiversity.eionet.europa.eu/article17>