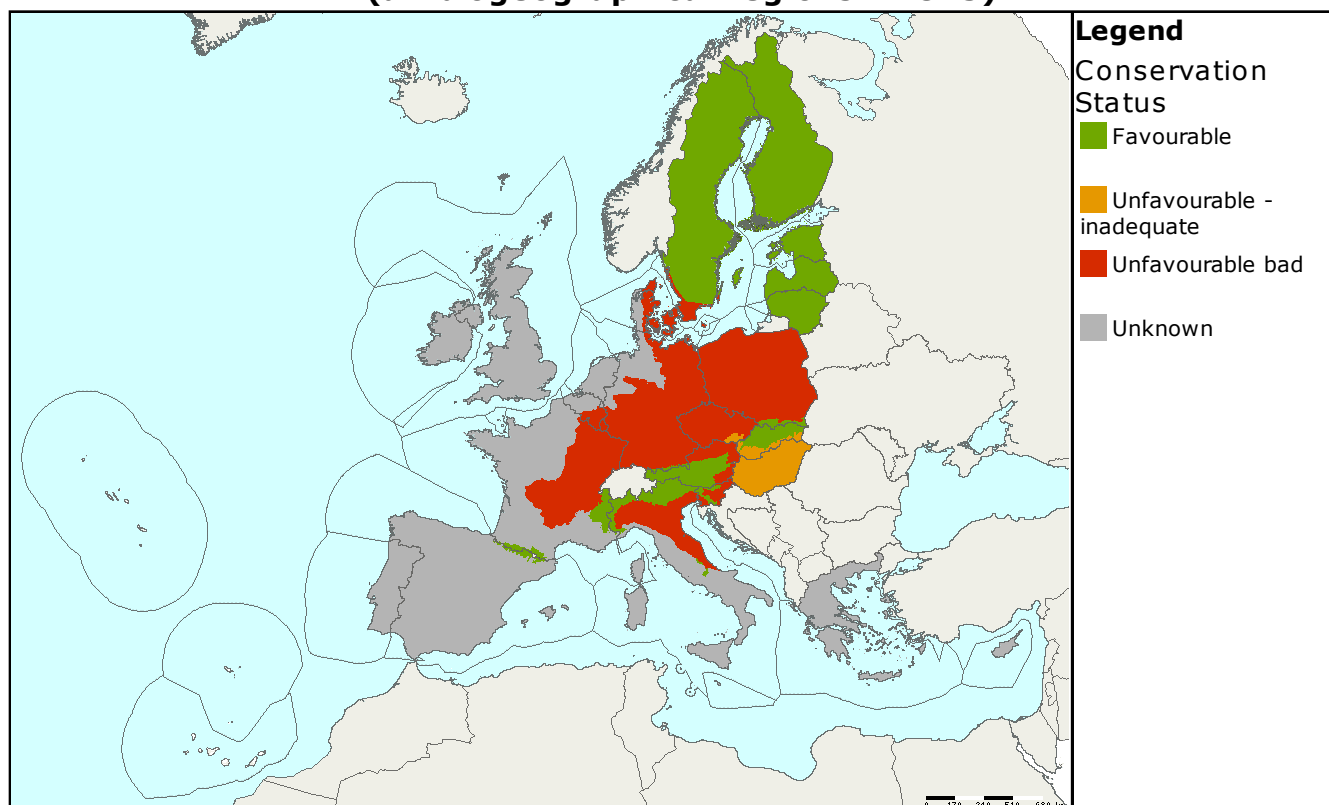


Species name: **Canis lupus**
Annex: **II*, IV**

Species group: **Mammals**
Regions: **ALP ATL BOR CON MED PAN**

Assessments of conservation status at the European level (all biogeographical regions - EU25)



MS	Region	Conservation status assessment					Population size & unit	Population Trend
		Range	Population	Habitat	Future prospects	Overall		
EU25	ALP	Green	Green	Green	Green	Green	> 717 grids	+
EU25	ATL	Grey	Grey	Grey	Grey	Grey	395 grids	
EU25	BOR	Green	Green	Green	Green	Green	990 - 1250 indiv.	
EU25	MED	Grey	Grey	Grey	Grey	Grey	2032 grids	+
EU25	PAN	Orange	Grey	Orange	Orange	Orange	3 - 25 indiv.	+
EU25	CON	Red	Red	Red	Orange	Red	558 grids	

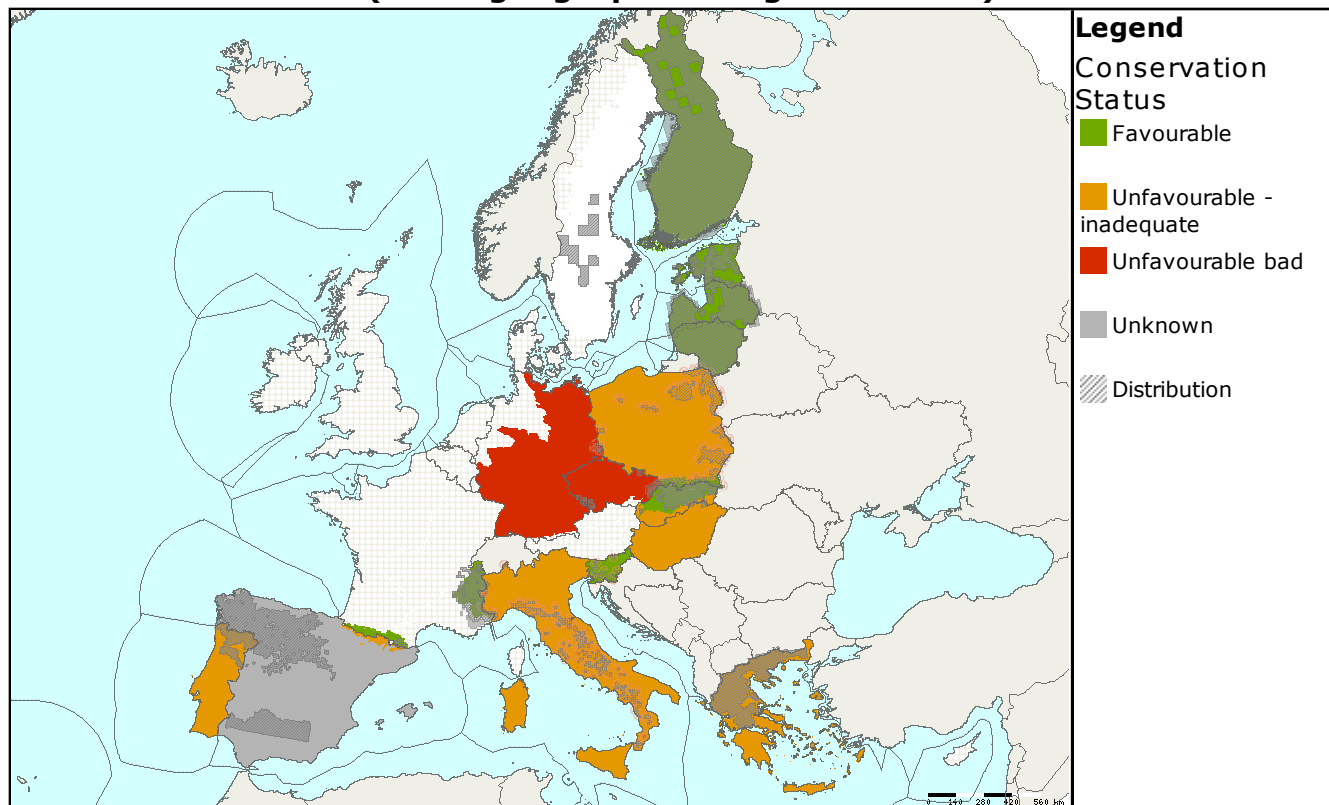
The wolf was the world's most widely distributed mammal. It has become extinct in much of western Europe and its present distribution is more restricted. Wolves occur primarily in wilderness and remote areas.

The conservation status for the species is 'favourable' in Alpine and Boreal regions. In the Atlantic region the species is only reported by Spain and Portugal, having an 'unknown' overall assessment due to Spanish report. The assessment for the Continental region is 'unfavourable-bad' and 'unfavourable-inadequate' for Pannonian region. Mediterranean region has an overall 'unknown but not favourable' assessment, again due to lack of information reported by Spain.

Assessed as 'Least Concern' for Europe by IUCN in 2007 because of its relatively wide range and an

increasing population.

Assessments of conservation status as reported by Member states (all biogeographical regions - EU25)



MS	Region	Conservation status assessment					Size&unit	Population trend	Data quality
		Range	Population	Habitat	Future prospects	Overall			
ES	ALP						2 - 3 indiv.	=	1
FR	ALP						130 - 130 indiv.	+	1
IT	ALP						24 - 24 loc.	+	1
PL	ALP						180 - 220 indiv.	=	1
SI	ALP						30 - 50 indiv.	+	2
SK	ALP						250 - 400 indiv.	+	2
FI	ALP						1 - 4 indiv.	=	2
ES	ATL						207 - (207) loc.	=	1
PT	ATL						7 - 9 x	-	1
EE	BOR						100 - 120 indiv.	+	1
FI	BOR						250 - 270 indiv.	+	1
LT	BOR						200 - 300 indiv.	=	2
LV	BOR						300 - 400 indiv.	-	2
SE	BOR						140 - 160 indiv.	+	1
CZ	CON						32 - 32 grids	=	1
DE	CON						6 - (6) x	+	1
IT	CON						101 - 101 loc.	+	1
PL	CON						310 - 420 indiv.	+	1
SI	CON						40 - 50 indiv.	=	2
EL	MED						100 - 130 x	=	2
ES	MED						1600 - (1600) indiv.	+	1
IT	MED						159 - 159 loc.	+	1
PT	MED						44 - 54 x	=	1
HU	PAN						1 - 15 indiv.	=	2

MS	Region	Conservation status assessment					Size&unit	Population trend	Data quality
		Range	Population	Habitat	Future prospects	Overall			
SK	PAN						2 - 10 indiv.	+	2

Data quality is based on an assessment by each Member State, 1 = good, 2 = medium, 3 = poor

This information is derived from the Member State national reports submitted to the European Commission under Article 17 of the Habitats Directive in 2007 and covering the period 2001-2006. More detailed information is available at <http://biodiversity.eionet.europa.eu/article17>