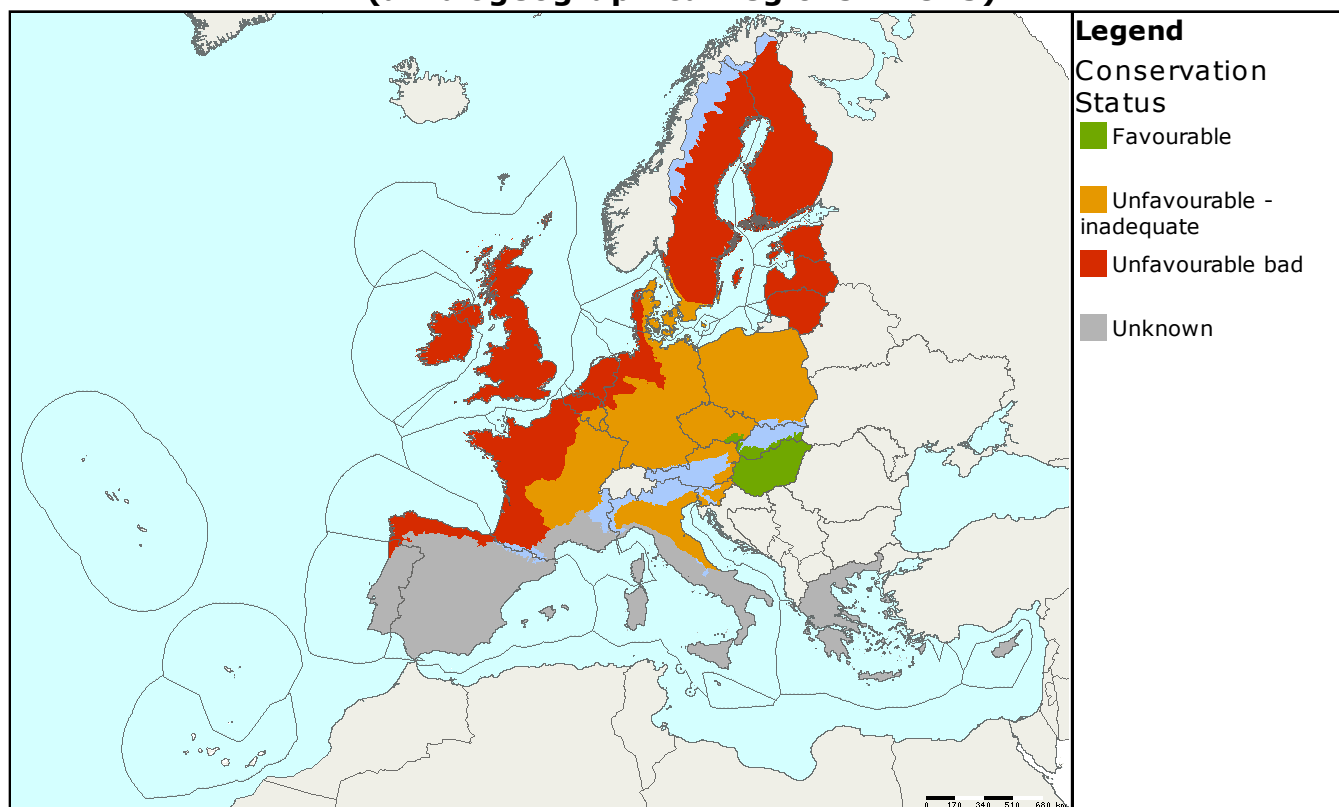


Species name: **Vertigo angustior**  
Annex: **II**

Species group: **Invertebrates**  
Regions: **ALP ATL BOR CON MED PAN**

## Assessments of conservation status at the European level (all biogeographical regions - EU25)



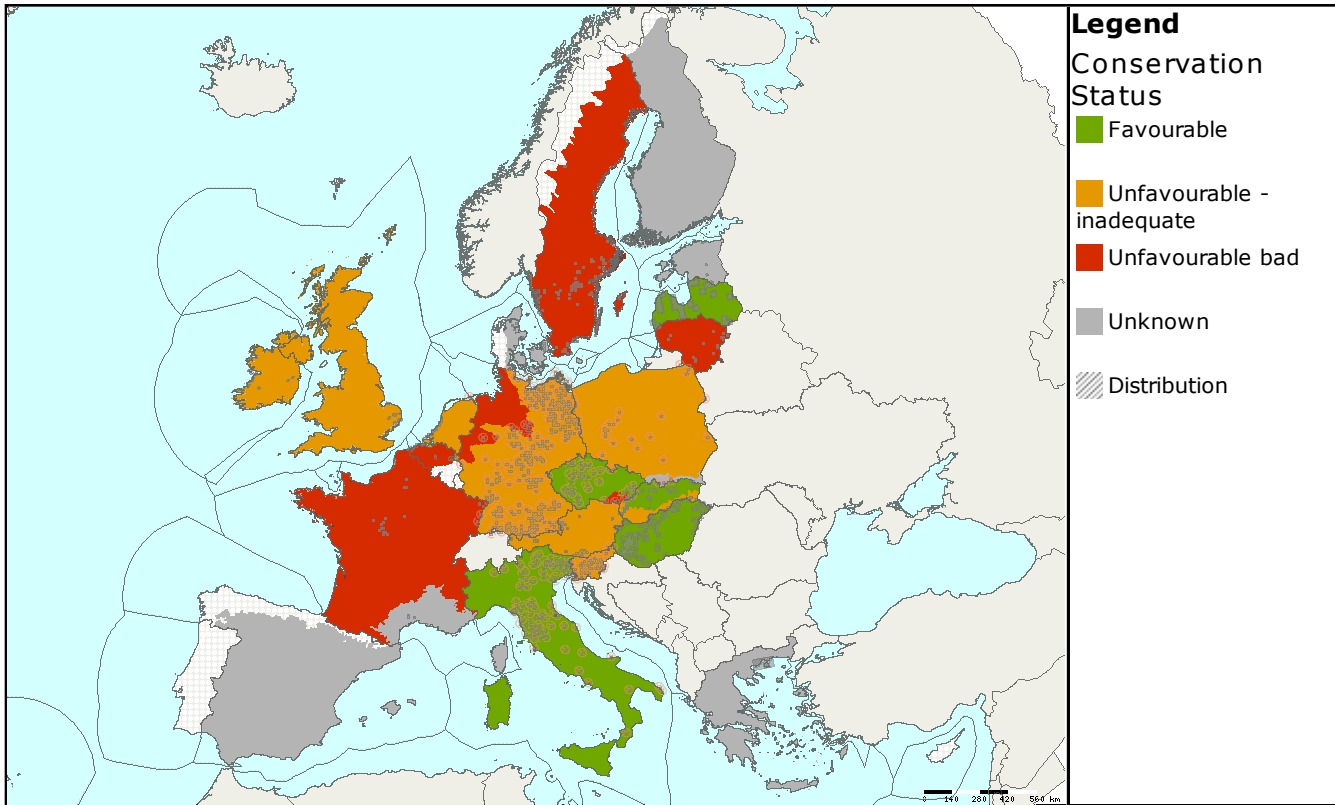
MS	Region	Conservation status assessment					Population size & unit	Population Trend
		Range	Population	Habitat	Future prospects	Overall		
EU25	BOR						356 grids	
EU25	CON						726 grids	
EU25	MED						> 91 grids	
EU25	PAN						342 - 349 loc.	
EU25	ATL						125 grids	
EU25	ALP							

The narrow-mouthed whorl snail (*Vertigo angustior*) is a small terrestrial snail present in six biogeographical regions in Europe. It occurs in damp, short grass and moss on marshes, including salt marshes, or among flood debris. It is vulnerable to changes in hydrological conditions within the habitat, reduced grazing pressure and physical disturbance.

For Alpine region, due to incomplete data, particularly from Spain and France, regional assessment is not possible but is unlikely to be 'favourable'. For Atlantic and Boreal regions assessments are 'unfavourable-bad' with exception of Latvia where national assessment is 'favourable'. Continental region is assessed as 'unfavourable-inadequate'. For Mediterranean region, due to a major lack of data from Spain and France overall assessment is 'unknown'. In the Pannonian region assessment is 'favourable' influenced mainly by Hungarian report since there is the majority of

population for this region.

### Assessments of conservation status as reported by Member states (all biogeographical regions - EU25)



MS	Region	Conservation status assessment					Size&unit	Population trend	Data quality
		Range	Population	Habitat	Future prospects	Overall			
AT	ALP						9 - 9 grids	-	3
DE	ALP						3 - (3) x	X	3
FR	ALP						1 - 1 loc.	X	1
IT	ALP						40 - 40 loc.	X	2
PL	ALP						5 - 5 loc.	+	2
SI	ALP						34 - (34) loc.	=	2
SK	ALP						100 - 150 loc.	X	2
BE	ATL						11 - 11 grids	=	3
DE	ATL						6 - (6) x	X	2
FR	ATL						22 - 22 loc.	X	1
IE	ATL						31 - 31 loc.	-	3
NL	ATL						110 - 150 grids	X	2
UK	ATL						54 - 54 x	=	2
EE	BOR						10 - 10 grids	X	3
FI	BOR						8 - (8) loc.	X	3
LT	BOR						16 - 20 loc.	X	2
LV	BOR						24 - 24 loc.	=	2
SE	BOR						150 - 450 loc.	=	2
AT	CON						4 - 4 grids	-	3
CZ	CON						77 - 77 loc.	=	2
DE	CON						326 - (326) x	X	3
DK	CON						33 - 33 loc.	+	1
FR	CON						4 - 4 loc.	X	1
IT	CON						73 - 73 loc.	X	2

MS	Region	Conservation status assessment					Size&unit	Population trend	Data quality
		Range	Population	Habitat	Future prospects	Overall			
PL	CON						20 - 30 loc.	-	3
SE	CON						50 - 300 loc.	=	2
SI	CON						58 - (58) loc.	-	2
EL	MED						2 - (2) x	X	3
ES	MED						0.1 - (0.1) area	X	2
FR	MED						N/A x	N/A	
IT	MED						77 - 77 loc.	X	2
CZ	PAN						1 - 1 loc.	=	2
HU	PAN						338 - 338 loc.	X	2
SK	PAN						3 - 10 loc.	X	2

Data quality is based on an assessment by each Member State, 1 = good, 2 = medium, 3 = poor

This information is derived from the Member State national reports submitted to the European Commission under Article 17 of the Habitats Directive in 2007 and covering the period 2001-2006. More detailed information is available at

<http://biodiversity.eionet.europa.eu/article17>