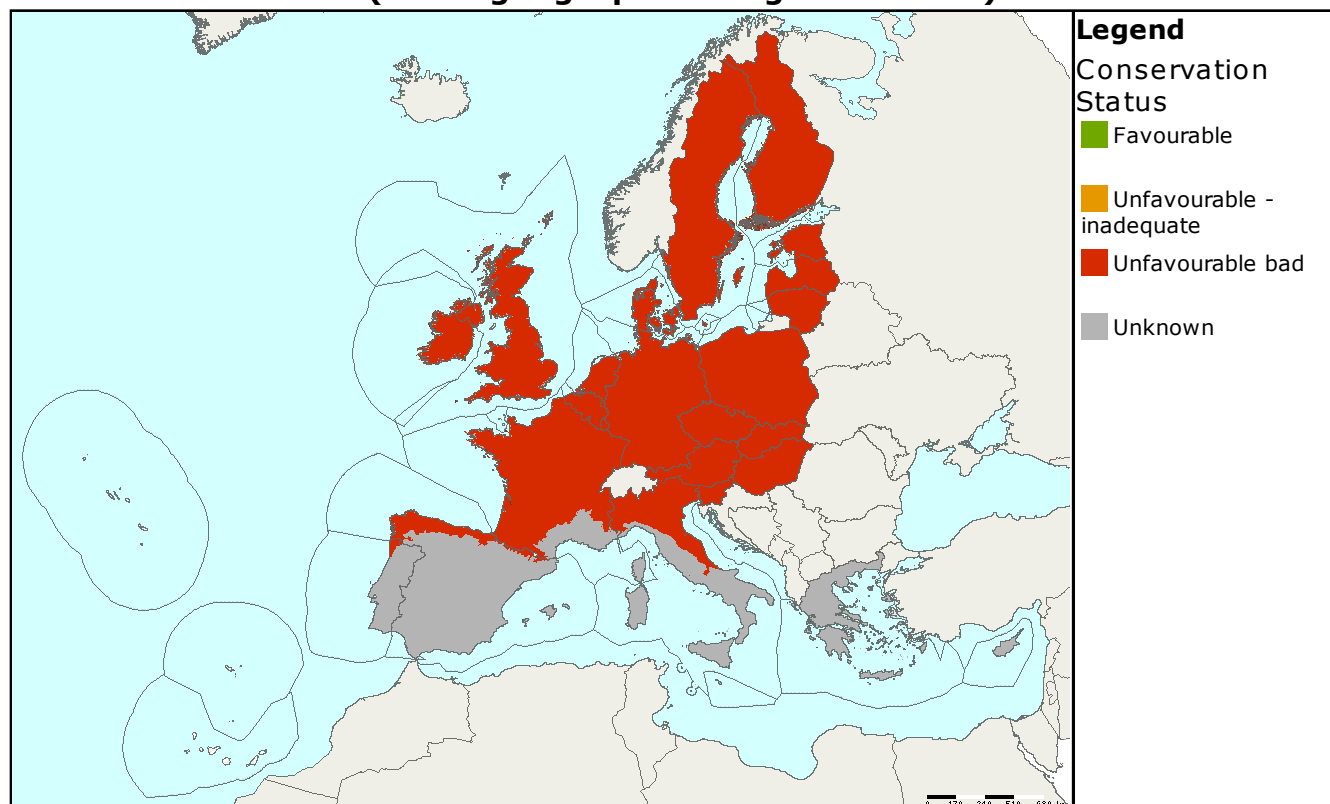




Habitat code: **6410**
 Habitat name: **Molinia meadows on calcareous, peaty or clayey-silt-laden soils (*Molinia caerulea*)**

Habitat group: **grasslands**
 Regions: **ALP ATL BOR CON MED PAN**

Assessments of conservation status at the European level (all biogeographical regions - EU25)



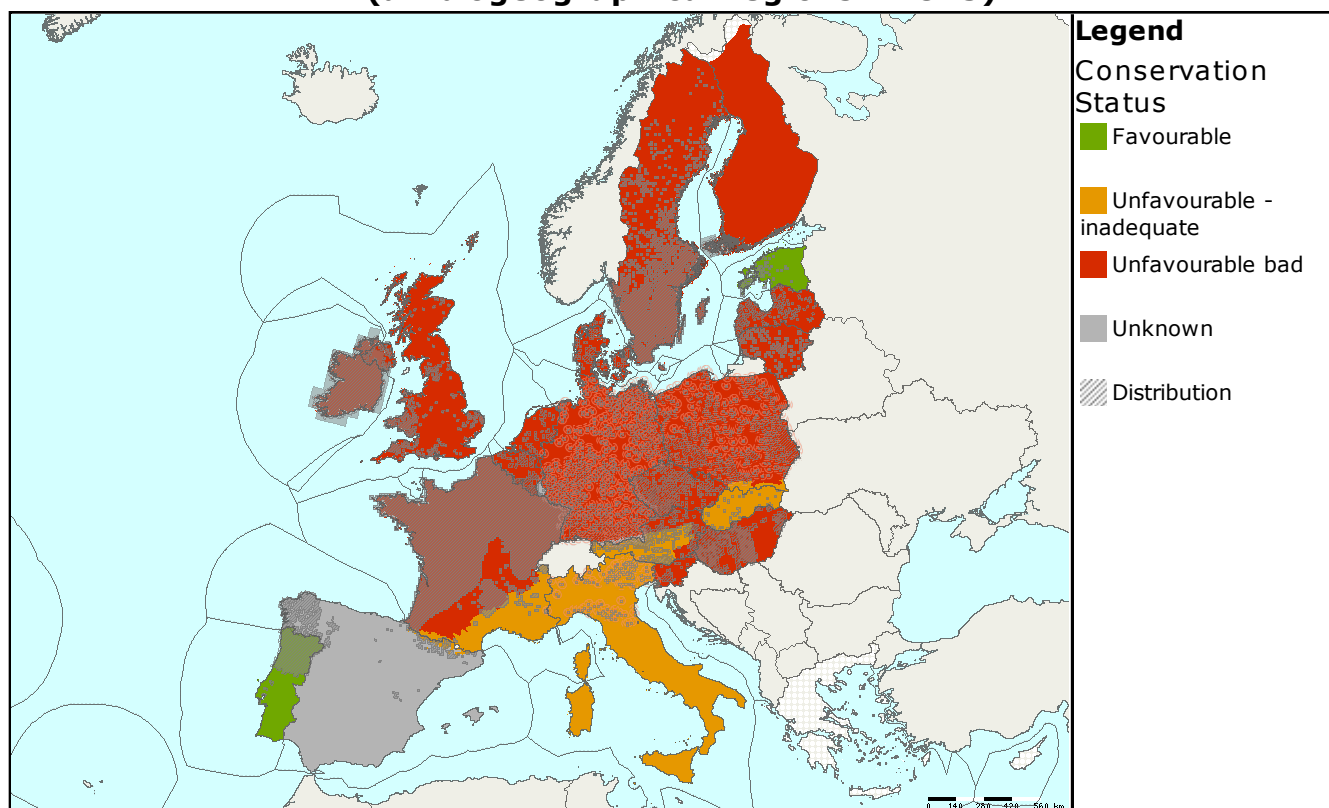
MS	Biogeographic Region	Conservation status assessment					Km ²	Trend in area
		Range	Area	Structure & function	Future prospects	Overall		
EU25	ALP	Unfavourable - inadequate	Unfavourable bad	Unfavourable - inadequate	Unfavourable bad	Unfavourable bad	214	
EU25	ATL	Favourable	Unfavourable bad	Unfavourable bad	Unfavourable bad	Unfavourable bad	>389	
EU25	BOR	Favourable	Unfavourable bad	Unfavourable bad	Unfavourable bad	Unfavourable bad	255	-
EU25	CON	Unfavourable - inadequate	Unfavourable bad	Unfavourable bad	Unfavourable bad	Unfavourable bad	>508	
EU25	MED	Unknown	Unknown	Unknown	Unknown	Unknown	>86	
EU25	PAN	Unfavourable bad	Unfavourable bad	Unfavourable bad	Unfavourable bad	Unfavourable bad	83	-

Meadows with purple moorgrass (*Molinia caerulea*) on wet, unfertile soils resulting from long periods of traditional management such as mowing. Species-poor meadows dominated by purple moorgrass, often a result of draining peat bogs, are not included in this habitat. This habitat is widespread across central, northern and western Europe, it also occurs more rarely in the Mediterranean region.

Assessed as 'unfavourable-bad' in all regions in which it occurs except for the Mediterranean region where it is 'unknown' as a result of Spain reporting all parameters as 'unknown'. Only in Estonia (Boreal) and Portugal (Atlantic and Mediterranean) has this habitat been assessed as 'favourable'. Most countries include changes in agricultural management amongst threats and pressures, many also note drainage.

Better information required, particularly from Spain and Luxembourg.

Assessments of conservation status as reported by Member states (all biogeographical regions - EU25)



MS	Biogeographic Region	Conservation status assessment					Km ²	Trend in area	Data quality
		Range	Area	Structure & function	Future prospects	Overall			
AT	ALP	Green	Orange	Grey	Orange	Orange	30	-	2
DE	ALP	Green	Green	Grey	Grey	Grey	10	=	2
ES	ALP	Grey	Grey	Orange	Orange	Orange	0.98	=	1
FR	ALP	Orange	Orange	Grey	Orange	Orange	52	-	2
IT	ALP	Green	Orange	Green	Grey	Orange	38	=	2
PL	ALP	Green	Orange	Orange	Orange	Orange	4	X	3
SE	ALP	Red	Red	Red	Red	Red	26	-	2
SI	ALP	Green	Orange	Orange	Orange	Orange	50	-	2
SK	ALP	Orange	Orange	Orange	Green	Orange	2.54	=	2
BE	ATL	Red	Red	Red	Red	Red	0.2	=	2
DE	ATL	Grey	Red	Red	Red	Red	2.51	-	3
DK	ATL	Green	Green	Red	Orange	Red	18	X	2
ES	ATL	Grey	Grey	Grey	Grey	Grey	N/A	N/A	
FR	ATL	Green	Red	Grey	Red	Red	129	-	2
IE	ATL	Green	Red	Red	Red	Red	200	-	3
NL	ATL	Orange	Red	Red	Orange	Red	0.5	-	1
PT	ATL	Green	Green	Grey	Green	Green	N/A	+	
UK	ATL	Green	Red	Red	Orange	Red	38.5	-	2
EE	BOR	Green	Green	Green	Green	Green	35	=	2
FI	BOR	Green	Red	Red	Red	Red	0.3	-	3
LT	BOR	Green	Red	Red	Red	Red	10	-	3
LV	BOR	Green	Red	Red	Orange	Red	10	-	2
SE	BOR	Green	Red	Red	Red	Red	200	-	2

MS	Biogeographic Region	Conservation status assessment					Km ²	Trend in area	Data quality
		Range	Area	Structure & function	Future prospects	Overall			
AT	CON						15	-	2
BE	CON						5	-	2
CZ	CON						86	-	1
DE	CON						100.16	-	3
DK	CON						46	-	2
FR	CON						123	-	2
IT	CON						27	=	2
LU	CON						1.2	X	3
PL	CON						N/A	X	3
SE	CON						90	-	2
SI	CON						15	-	2
ES	MED						51.72	X	3
FR	MED						30	=	2
IT	MED						4	=	2
PT	MED						N/A	+	
CZ	PAN						0.22	-	1
HU	PAN						80	-	1
SK	PAN						2.46	=	2

Data quality is based on an assessment by each Member State, 1 = good, 2 = medium, 3 = poor

This information is derived from the Member State national reports submitted to the European Commission under Article 17 of the Habitats Directive in 2007 and covering the period 2001-2006. More detailed information is available at <http://biodiversity.eionet.europa.eu/article17>