European Environment Agency European Topic Centre on Biological Diversity



Oenanthe isabellina

Annex I No International action plan No

Isabelline Wheatear, *Oenanthe isabellina*, is a species of passerine bird in the chat and flycatcher family found in heathland and shrub and unvegetated or sparsely vegetated land ecosystems.

Oenanthe isabellina has a breeding population size of 7000-25200 pairs and a breeding range size of 70700 square kilometres in the EU27. The breeding population trend in the EU27 is Increasing in the short term and Increasing in the long term.

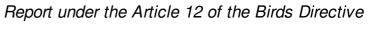
The EU population status of *Oenanthe isabellina* was assessed as Secure, because the species does not meet any of the IUCN Red List criteria for threatened or Near Threatened, or the criteria for Depleted or Declining (the EU27 population or range has not declined by 20% or more since 1980).

Report under the Article 12 of the Birds Directive

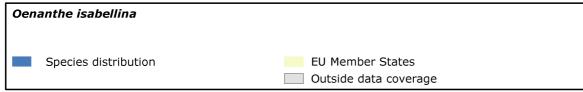
Assessment of status at the European level

| Breeding population size | Breeding population trend | | Range | Breeding range trend | | Winter | Winter population trend | | _Population |
|--------------------------|---------------------------|--------------|-------|----------------------|--------------|--------------------|-------------------------|--------------|-------------|
| | Short term | Long term | area | Short term | Long term | population size | Short term | Long term | status |
| 7000 - 25200 p | + | + | 70700 | | | | | | Secure |

See the endnotes for more informationⁱ







Report under the Article 12 of the Birds Directive

Trends at the Member State level

| MS/Ter. | % in EU27 | Breeding | Breeding population trend | | Range | Breeding range trend | | Winter population | Winter population trend | |
|---------|--------------|-----------------|---------------------------|--------------|-------|----------------------|--------------|-------------------|-------------------------|--------------|
| | | population size | Short term | Long term | area | Short term | Long term | size | Short term | Long term |
| BG | 97.7 | 3500 - 10000 p | + | + | 55500 | + | + | | | |
| GR | | | | | | | | | | |
| RO | 2.3 | 3500 - 15000 p | + | + | 15200 | + | + | | | |

See the endnotes for more informationⁱⁱ

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Short-term winter population trend was not reported for this species.

This information is derived from the Member State national reports submitted to the European Commission under Article 12 of the Birds Directive in 2013 and covering the period 2008-2012. More detailed information, including the MS reports, is available at: http://bd.eionet.europa.eu/article12/summary?period=1&subject=A435.

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¹ Assessment of status at the European level: The EU assessments of birds population status was made by the European Red List of Birds Consortium (under contract with the European Commission)

The EU27 population trends were assessed using these categories: '+' Increasing, '0' Stable, 'F' Fluctuating, '-' Decreasing, 'xu' Uncertain and 'x' Unknown. The breeding population size is estimated in majority of the cases as 'p' number of pairs. Alternative population units used are: 'males' number of males, 'i' number of individuals, 'cmales' number of calling males and 'bfem' number of breeding females. The winter population size is estimated as number of individuals.

ⁱⁱSpecies trends at the Member State level: The percentage of the EU27 species population occurring in the Member States (% in EU27) is calculated based on the population size reported by the Member States.