European Environment Agency European Topic Centre on Biological Diversity



Certhia familiaris

Annex I No International action plan No

Eurasian Treecreeper, *Certhia familiaris*, is a species of passerine bird in the treecreeper family found in woodland and forest ecosystems. It is a widespread breeder across much of Europe, but patchily distributed in the South-West. This species inhabits forest and woodland, generally requiring well-grown trees with many cracks and crevices in the bark for foraging, roosting and nesting. It tends to favour older stands of spruce (*Picea*), but habitat preferences are complex and apparently affected by presence or absence of *Certhia brachydactyla* (European Red List 2015).

Certhia familiaris has a breeding population size of 2790000-5460000 pairs and a breeding range size of 2240000 square kilometres in the EU27. The breeding population trend in the EU27 is Stable in the short term and Stable in the long term.

The EU population status of *Certhia familiaris* was assessed as Secure, because the species does not meet any of the IUCN Red List criteria for threatened or Near Threatened, or the criteria for Depleted or Declining (the EU27 population or range has not declined by 20% or more since 1980).

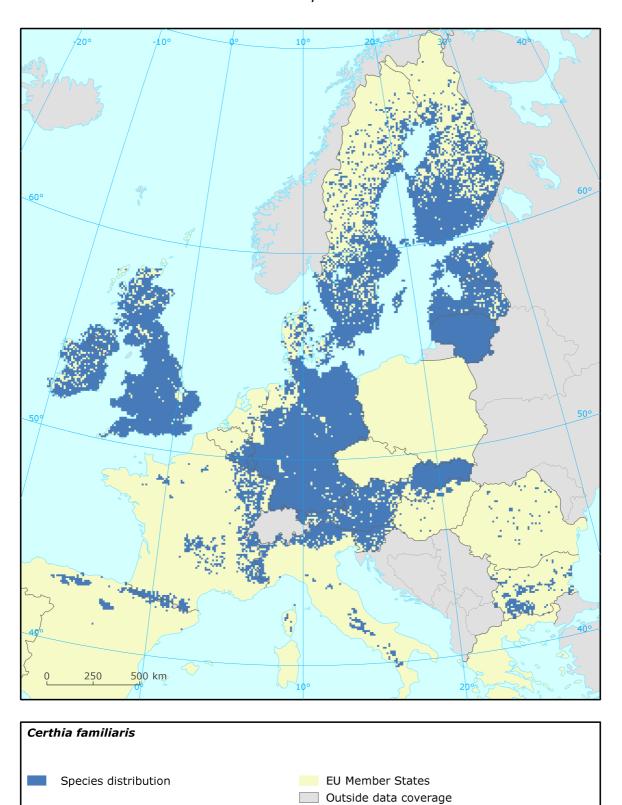
Certhia familiaris

Report under the Article 12 of the Birds Directive

Assessment of status at the European level

Breeding population size	Breeding population trend		_ Range	Breeding range trend		Winter population	Winter population trend		_ Population
	Short term	Long term	area	Short term	Long term	size	Short term	Long term	status
2790000 - 5460000 p	0	0	2240000						Secure

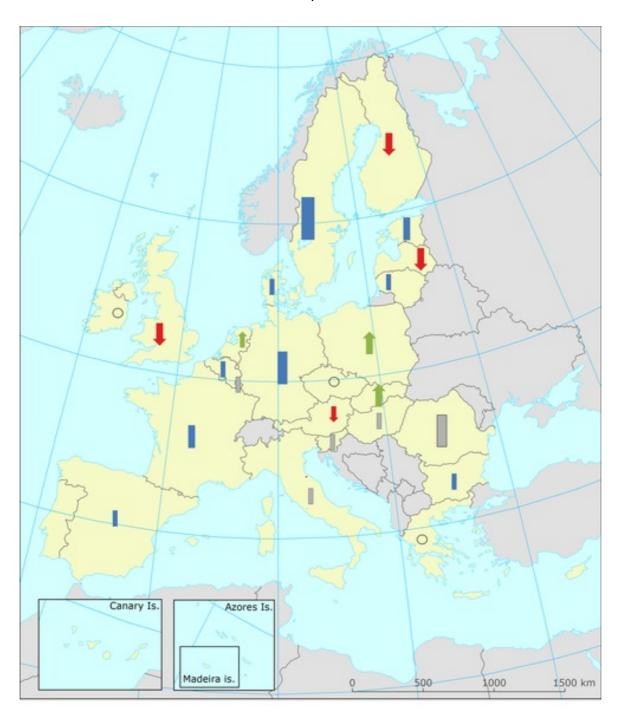
See the endnotes for more informationⁱ

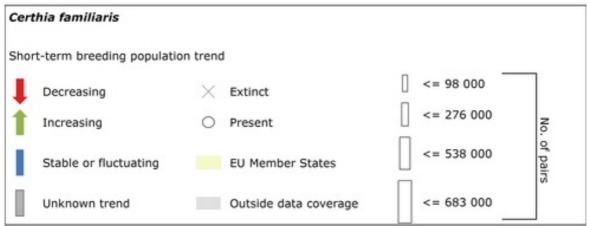


Trends at the Member State level

MS/Ter. % in EU27		Breeding	Breeding population trend		Range	Breeding range trend		Winter population	Winter population trend	
		population size	Short term	Long term	area	Short term	Long term	size	Short term	Long term
AT	4.7	80000 - 120000 p	-	X	92948	0	0			
BE	0.6	5300 - 10700 p	0	+	10106	-	-			
BG	1.4	50000 - 75000 p	0	0	61700	0	0			
CZ										
DE	22.2	320000 - 650000 p	F	-	336373	0	0			
DK	1.3	13000 - 13000 p	0	+	38834	-	0			
EE	3.0	100000 - 200000 p	0	0	50400	0	+			
ES	1.0	32000 - 38000 p	0	0	26814	0	0			
FI	12.5	120000 - 300000 p	_	F	299900	X	+			
FR	4.6	100000 - 200000 p	0	X	150900	X	+			
GR										
HU	0.4	5000 - 23000 p	X	X	20812	0	X			
IE	3.7	28050 - 111010 i	Х	x	74400	+	-			
IT	2.9	30000 - 100000 p	X	0	69100	+	+			
LT	4.7	50000 - 80000 p	0	0	72900	0	0			
LU	0.2	2000 - 3000 p	X	X	2596	0	0			
LV	3.8	106457 - 217548 p	-	-	64143	0	0			
NL	0.2	140 - 200 p	+	+	8529	+	+			
PL		230000 - 330000 p	+	X		X	X			
RO	0.3	380000 - 760000 p	X	X	168200	X	X			
SE	13.1	450000 - 1034000 p	0	-	389600	0	X			
SI	1.0	50000 - 100000 p	X	+	17496	X	+			
SK	3.1	110000 - 170000 p	+	0	54094	0	0			
UK	15.2	200000 - 200000 p	-	0	230800	0	0			

See the endnotes for more informationⁱⁱ





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Short-term winter population trend was not reported for this species.

This information is derived from the Member State national reports submitted to the European Commission under Article 12 of the Birds Directive in 2013 and covering the period 2008-2012. More detailed information, including the MS reports, is available at: http://bd.eionet.europa.eu/article12/summary?period=1&subject=A334.

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ⁱ Assessment of status at the European level: The EU assessments of birds population status was made by the European Red List of Birds Consortium (under contract with the European Commission)

The EU27 population trends were assessed using these categories: '+' Increasing, '0' Stable, 'F' Fluctuating, '-' Decreasing, 'xu' Uncertain and 'x' Unknown. The breeding population size is estimated in majority of the cases as 'p' number of pairs. Alternative population units used are: 'males' number of males, 'i' number of individuals, 'cmales' number of calling males and 'bfem' number of breeding females. The winter population size is estimated as number of individuals.

ⁱⁱSpecies trends at the Member State level: The percentage of the EU27 species population occurring in the Member States (% in EU27) is calculated based on the population size reported by the Member States.