### European Environment Agency European Topic Centre on Biological Diversity



## Carduelis corsicana

Annex I No International action plan No

Mediterranean Citril Finch, *Carduelis corsicana*, is a species of passerine bird in the finch family found in heathland and shrub ecosystems. It is endemic to Europe, where it is confined to the Mediterranean islands of Sardinia, Corsica, Capraia and Elba. This species inhabits lowland maquis to montane dry scrub and open to semi-open conifer forests, mainly of European black pine (*Pinus nigra*) and maritime pine (*Pinus pinaster*), and heathland with tree-heath (*Erica*) and bushes, mainly Genista and bramble (*Rubus*), also alder (*Alnus*) groves and areas of lightly scattered conifers. In subalpine zones it is found in low juniper (*Juniperus*) (European Red List 2015).

Carduelis corsicana has a breeding population size of 18000-20500 pairs and a breeding range size of 29400 square kilometres in the EU27. The breeding population trend in the EU27 is Unknown in the short term and Unknown in the long term.

The EU population status for *Carduelis corsicana* is Unknown, as the data reported were not sufficient to assess the population status of the species.

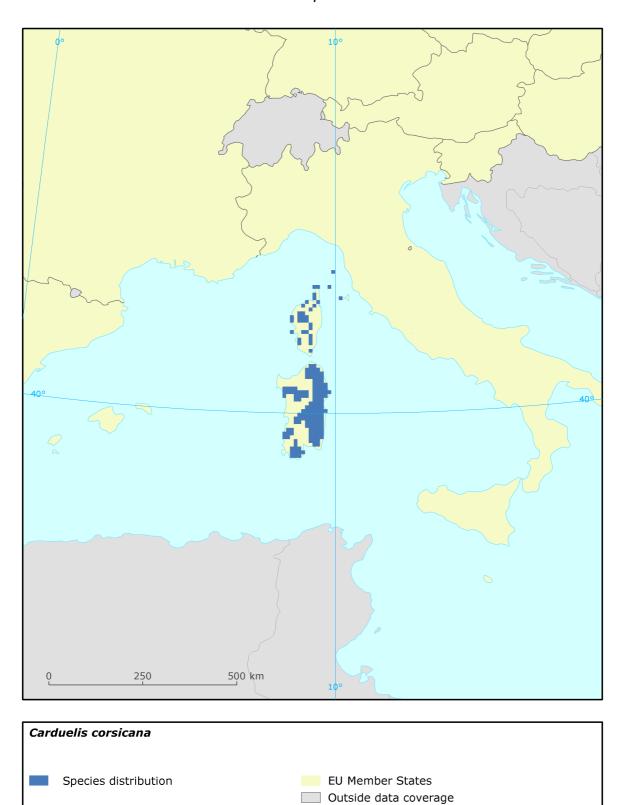
Report under the Article 12 of the Birds Directive

# Assessment of status at the European level

Breeding population size	Breeding population trend		Range	Breeding range trend		Winter population	Winter population trend		_Population
	Short term	Long term	area	Short term	Long term	size	Short term	Long term	status
18000 - 20500 p	Х	Х	29400						Unknown

See the endnotes for more information<sup>i</sup>

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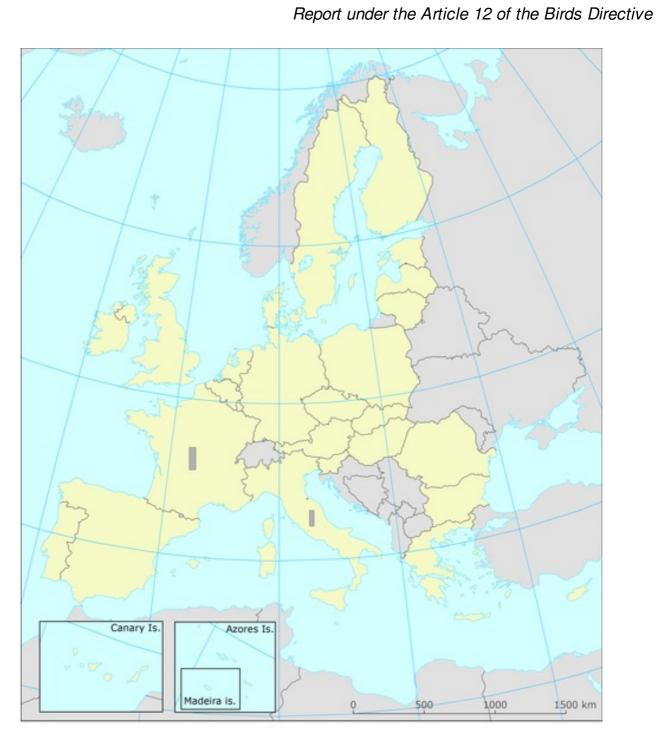


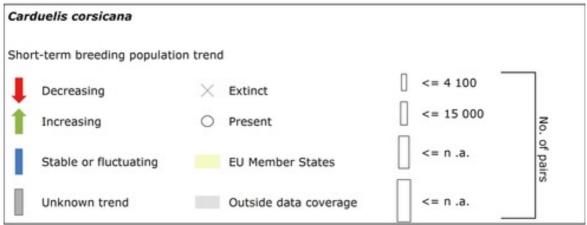
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## Trends at the Member State level

MS/Ter.	% in	Breeding	Breeding population trend		_ Range	Breeding range trend		Winter population	Winter population trend	
	EU27	population size	Short term	Long term	area	Short term	Long term	size	Short term	Long term
FR	17.8	15000 - 15000 p	X	X	7600	X	0			
IT	82.2	3000 - 5500 p	X	X	21800	_	+			

See the endnotes for more information<sup>ii</sup>





Report under the Article 12 of the Birds Directive

Short-term winter population trend was not reported for this species.

This information is derived from the Member State national reports submitted to the European Commission under Article 12 of the Birds Directive in 2013 and covering the period 2008-2012. More detailed information, including the MS reports, is available at: http://bd.eionet.europa.eu/article12/summary?period=1&subject=A669.

Report under the Article 12 of the Birds Directive

<sup>i</sup> Assessment of status at the European level: The EU assessments of birds population status was made by the European Red List of Birds Consortium (under contract with the European Commission)

The EU27 population trends were assessed using these categories: '+' Increasing, '0' Stable, 'F' Fluctuating, '-' Decreasing, 'xu' Uncertain and 'x' Unknown. The breeding population size is estimated in majority of the cases as 'p' number of pairs. Alternative population units used are: 'males' number of males, 'i' number of individuals, 'cmales' number of calling males and 'bfem' number of breeding females. The winter population size is estimated as number of individuals.

<sup>ii</sup>Species trends at the Member State level: The percentage of the EU27 species population occurring in the Member States (% in EU27) is calculated based on the population size reported by the Member States.